No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these securities and it is an offence to claim otherwise. This prospectus constitutes a public offering of these securities only in those jurisdictions where they may be lawfully offered for sale and only by persons permitted to sell these securities.

PROSPECTUS

BROMPTON FUNDS

Continuous Distribution

November 15, 2021

Flaherty & Crumrine Investment Grade Preferred Income Fund (to be renamed "Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF")

(the "Brompton ETF")

This prospectus qualifies the distribution of CAD Units (as defined herein) of the Brompton ETF. This prospectus also qualifies the distribution of USD Units (as defined herein) of the Brompton ETF. The CAD Units of the Brompton ETF are denominated in Canadian dollars and the USD Units are denominated in U.S. dollars. The CAD Units and USD Units are collectively referred to herein as "Units".

The Brompton ETF was originally established as a closed-end investment trust under the laws of province of Alberta on October 29, 2004. At a special meeting of the Brompton ETF held on November 1, 2021, holders of units of the Brompton ETF approved a resolution to change its name from "Flaherty & Crumrine Investment Grade Preferred Income Fund" to "Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF" and to convert the fund from a closed-end fund into an exchange traded alternative mutual fund under the laws of the province of Ontario in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust (the "**Conversion**"). The effective date of the Conversion is November 26, 2021 (the "**Conversion Date**"). References in this prospectus to the Brompton ETF refer to the Brompton ETF following the Conversion.

The Brompton ETF will be an alternative mutual fund within the meaning of National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds* ("**NI 81-102**") existing as a trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Brompton ETF will have the ability to invest in asset classes and use investment strategies that are not permitted for conventional mutual funds. While these strategies will be used in accordance with the Brompton ETF's investment objective and strategies, during certain market conditions, they may accelerate the pace at which your investment decreases in value. The Brompton ETF will be subject to restrictions and practices contained in Canadian securities legislation applicable to alternative mutual funds, including NI 81-102, and will be managed in accordance with these restrictions, except as otherwise permitted by exemptions provided by Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF

The investment objectives of the Brompton ETF are to provide holders of Units ("**Unitholders**") with (a) stable monthly cash distributions; and (b) a stable net asset value. The Brompton ETF seeks to hedge substantially all of its direct foreign currency exposure back to the Canadian dollar. However, any exposure that the Brompton ETF's assets allocable to the USD Units have to foreign currencies will not be hedged. See "Investment Objectives".

Brompton Funds Limited (the "**Manager**") is the manager, portfolio manager and promoter of the Brompton ETF, and will as of November 26, 2021 be the trustee of the Brompton ETF, and is responsible for the administration of the Brompton ETF. See "Organization and ManagementDetails of the Brompton ETF – The Trustee, Manager and Portfolio Manager".

Flaherty & Crumrine Incorporated (the **"Sub-advisor"**) acts as the investment sub-advisor to the Brompton ETF. The Sub-advisor is located in the United States. See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – The Sub-advisor".

Purchases of Units

The outstanding units of the Brompton ETF will be redesignated as "CAD Units" in connection with the Conversion and subject to satisfying certain requirements of the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "**TSX**") will be listed for trading on the TSX. An investor will be able to buy or sell CAD Units on the TSX on and after the Conversion Date through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides. See "Purchases of Units".

The USD Units of the Brompton ETF have been conditionally approved for listing on the TSX. Subject to satisfying the TSX's original listing requirements in respect of the USD Units on or before October 12, 2022, the USD Units of the Brompton ETF will be listed for trading on the TSX and offered on a continuous basis, and an investor will be able to buy or sell USD Units on the TSX through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides. See "Purchases of Units".

Units of the Brompton ETF are being issued and sold on a continuous basis and there is no maximum number of Units that may be issued. Investors may incur customary brokerage commissions in buying or selling Units of the Brompton ETF. All orders to purchase Units directly from the Brompton ETF must be placed by Designated Brokers (as defined herein) or Dealers (as defined herein). See "Purchases of Units".

In the opinion of counsel, provided that the Brompton ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust within the meaning of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "**Tax Act**"), is a "registered investment" within the meaning of the Tax Act, or the Units of the Brompton ETF are listed on a "designated stock exchange" within the meaning of the Tax Act (which currently includes the TSX), such Units will be qualified investments for trusts governed by registered retirement savings plans, registered retirement income funds, deferred profit sharing plans, registered disability savings plans, registered education savings plans and tax-free savings accounts.

Additional Considerations

No Designated Broker or Dealer has been involved in the preparation of this prospectus or has performed any review of the contents of this prospectus and as such, no Designated Broker or Dealer has performed many of the usual underwriting activities in connection with the distribution by the Brompton ETF of its Units under this prospectus.

For a discussion of the risks associated with an investment in Units of the Brompton ETF, see "Risk Factors".

Registration of interests in, and transfer of, the Units will be made only through CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc. Beneficial owners will not have the right to receive physical certificates evidencing their ownership.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Additional information about the Brompton ETF is or will be available in the most recently filed annual financial statements, any interim financial statements filed after those annual financial statements, the most recently filed annual management report of fund performance ("**MRFP**"), any interim MRFP filed after the annual MRFP for the Brompton ETF, and the most recently filed ETF Facts for the Brompton ETF. These documents are or will be incorporated by reference into, and legally form an integral part of, this prospectus. See "Documents Incorporated by Reference".

You can get a copy of these documents at your request, and at no cost, by calling (416) 642-6000 or 1-866-642-6001 (toll-free) or by e-mail at info@bromptongroup.com or from your dealer. These documents are or will also be available on the internet at www.bromptongroup.com. These documents and other information about the Brompton ETF are or will also be available on the website of SEDAR (the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval) at www.sedar.com.

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GLOSSARY

Unless otherwise indicated, the references to dollar amounts in this prospectus are to Canadian dollars and all references to times in this prospectus are to Toronto time.

"Additional Distribution" means, with respect to any taxation year of the Brompton ETF, the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the Net Income and Net Realized Capital Gains, less any Net Realized Capital Gains (the tax on which would be refundable to the Brompton ETF in respect of the current year under Part I of the Tax Act for such taxation year) exceeds the aggregate of the Distributions paid or payable by the Brompton ETF to Unitholders for such taxation year.

"Basket of Securities" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, a group of securities and/or assets determined by the Manager from time to time representing the constituent securities of the portfolio of the Brompton ETF.

"Brompton ETF" means the exchange traded fund listed on the cover page of this prospectus.

"Brompton Funds" means Brompton Corp. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Brompton Funds Limited, which acts as the manager of the Brompton ETF.

"CAD Units" means the Canadian dollar denominated Units offered by the Brompton ETF.

"Canadian Securities Legislation" means the securities legislation in force in each province and territory of Canada, all regulations, rules, orders and policies made thereunder and all multilateral and national instruments adopted by the Securities Regulatory Authorities, as the same may be amended, restated or replaced from time to time.

"Capital Gains Refund" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of the Brompton ETF".

"Cash Creation Fee" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the fee payable in connection with cash-only payments for subscriptions of a PNU of the Brompton ETF, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in purchasing securities on the open market with such proceeds.

"Cash Exchange Fee" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the fee payable in connection with cash-only payments for exchange of a PNU of the Brompton ETF, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in selling securities on the open market to obtain necessary cash for the exchanges.

"CDS" means CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc.

"CDS Participant" means a registered dealer or other financial institution that is a participant in CDS and that holdsUnits on behalf of beneficial owners of Units.

"Conversion" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Overview of the Legal Structure of the Brompton ETF".

"Conversion Date" means November 26, 2021.

"Counterparty" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Risk Factors - Securities Lending".

"CRA" means the Canada Revenue Agency.

"CRS Rules" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "International Information Reporting".

"Custodial Services Agreement" means the custodial services agreement between the Brompton ETF and the Custodian dated as of September 15, 2016, as may be further supplemented, amended, and/or amended and restated from time totime.

"Custodian" means CIBC Mellon Trust Company or its successor, in its capacity as custodian of the Brompton ETF pursuant to the Custodial Services Agreement.

"Dealer" means a registered dealer (that may or may not be the Designated Broker) that has entered into a continuous distribution dealer agreement with the Manager, on behalf of the Brompton ETF, and that subscribes for and purchases Units from the Brompton ETF.

"Declaration of Trust" means the amended and restated master declaration of trust governing the Brompton ETF dated November 15, 2021 as it may be amended and/or amended and restated from time to time.

"derivatives" means instruments that derive their value from the market price, value or level of an underlying security, commodity, economic indicator, index or financial instrument and which may include, options, futures contracts, forward

contracts, swaps or debt-like securities.

"Designated Broker" means the registered dealer that has entered into a designated broker agreement with the Manager, on behalf of the Brompton ETF, pursuant to which the Designated Broker agrees to perform certain duties inrelation to the Brompton ETF.

"Distribution Record Date" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, a date determined by the Manager as a record date for the determination of the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF entitled to receive a distribution.

"DPSP" means a deferred profit sharing plan within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"EBITDA" means earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

"GST/HST" means taxes exigible under Part IX of the Excise Tax Act (Canada) and the regulations made thereunder.

"Holder" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Income Tax Considerations".

"Investment Grade" in respect of a security means a security, and in respect of an issuer means an issuer, which has at least one of the following ratings: (i) at least BBB- by Standard & Poor's, Inc.; (ii) at least Baa3 by Moody's Investor Services, Inc.; (iii) at least BBB- by Fitch Ratings; or (iv) the equivalent rating by another nationally recognized credit rating organization.

"Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement" means the investment sub-advisory agreement to be dated as of November 26, 2021 between the Manager and the Sub-advisor, as it may be amended from time to time.

"IRC" or **"Independent Review Committee"** means the independent review committee of the Brompton ETF established by the Manager in accordance with NI 81-107.

"Lending Agents" means the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and the Bank of New York Mellon, in their capacity as lending agents to the Brompton ETF pursuant to the Securities Lending Agreement.

"Manager" means Brompton Funds Limited, or if applicable, its successor.

"Management Fee" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee".

"Management Fee Distributions" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee".

"MRFP" has the meaning ascribed thereto on the cover page.

"NAV and NAV per Unit" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the net asset value of the Brompton ETF and the net asset value per Unit of a class of the Brompton ETF, calculated by the Manager as described under "Calculation of Net Asset Value".

"Net Income or Net Loss" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the amount for any taxation year, if any,by which the income or loss of the Brompton ETF for such taxation year computed in accordance with the provisions of the Tax Act, other than paragraph 82(1)(b) and subsection 104(6) thereof and disregarding any designations madeby the Brompton ETF under subsection 104(19) of the Tax Act, without reference to the Brompton ETF's "capital gains" or "capital losses" (as those terms are defined in the Tax Act) for the taxation year, exceeds the non-capital losses of the Brompton ETF (as defined in the Tax Act) for any preceding taxation years of the Brompton ETF, to the extent that they may be and are deducted in computing taxable income of the Brompton ETF for such taxation year for the purposes of the Tax Act.

"Net Realized Capital Gains" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the amount for any taxation year, ifany, by which the capital gains realized by the Brompton ETF in the taxation year exceed the aggregate of:

- (a) the capital losses incurred by the Brompton ETF in the taxation year;
- (b) the unapplied capital losses incurred by the Brompton ETF in the preceding taxation years, to the extent that they may be, and are applied against capital gains realized by the Brompton ETF in the taxation year; and
- (c) any Net Loss for the year and, if the Manager so determines, any unapplied non-capital losses (as defined in the Tax Act) of the Brompton ETF for preceding years of the Brompton ETF, in each case multiplied by the reciprocal of the applicable fraction in paragraph 38(a) of the Tax Act,

where, for this purpose, "capital gains" and "capital losses" shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of the Tax Act.

"NI 41-101" means National Instrument 41-101 - General Prospectus Requirements of the Canadian Securities

Administrators (or any successor policy, rule or instrument), as amended, restated or replaced from time to time.

"NI 81-102" means National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds* of the Canadian Securities Administrators (or any successor policy, rule or national instrument), as amended, restated or replaced from time to time.

"NI 81-107" means National Instrument 81-107 – *Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds* of the Canadian Securities Administrators (or any successor policy, rule or national instrument), as amended, restated or replaced from time to time.

"Non-Portfolio Income" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of the Brompton ETF".

"NP 11-203" means National Policy 11-203 – *Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions* as the same may be amended, restated or replaced from time to time.

"Other Fund" means another investment fund, including another investment fund managed by the Manager. "Operating

Expenses" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Fees and Expenses - Operating Costs and Expenses". "Permitted

Mergers" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Unitholder Matters - Permitted Mergers".

"Plan Agent" means TSX Trust Company, in its capacity as agent under the Reinvestment Plan.

"Plan Participants" means Unitholders who are participants in the Reinvestment Plan.

"PNU" or **"Prescribed Number of Units"** means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, the number of Units determined by the Manager from time to time for the purpose of subscription orders, exchanges, redemptions or for other purposes.

"Prime Broker" means Royal Bank of Canada.

"RDSP" means a registered disability savings plan within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"Registered Plans" means, collectively, RRSPs, RRIFs, DPSPs, RDSPs, RESPs and TFSAs.

"Registrar and Transfer Agent" means TSX Trust Company or its successor, in its capacity as transfer agent of the Brompton ETF.

"Reinvestment Plan" means the distribution reinvestment plan of the Brompton ETF, as may be amended from time to time.

"**Reinvestment Plan Agency Agreement**" means the master reinvestment plan agency agreement to be entered intoamong the Manager and the Plan Agent, establishing the Reinvestment Plan, as it may be amended from time to time.

"Reportable Jurisdictions" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "International Information Reporting".

"RESP" means a registered education savings plan within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"RRIF" means a registered retirement income fund within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"RRSP" means a registered retirement savings plan within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"Securities Lending Agreement" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Securities Lending Agents".

"Securities Regulatory Authorities" means the securities commission or similar regulatory authority in each province and territory of Canada that is responsible for administering the Canadian Securities Legislation in force in such province or territory.

"SIFT Rules" means the rules in the Tax Act that apply to a "SIFT trust" and its unitholders.

"Substituted Property" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of the Brompton ETF".

"Sub-advisor" means Flaherty & Crumrine Incorporated, or such other sub-advisor appointed from time to time by the Manager on behalf of the Brompton ETF to make investment decisions concerning the investment portfolio of the Brompton ETF.

"Tax Act" means the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), as amended, or successor statutes, and shall include the regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Tax Amendment" means a proposed amendment to the Tax Act publicly announced by the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof.

"Tax Treaties" has the meaning ascribed thereto under "Risk Factors - Taxation of the Brompton ETF".

"TFSA" means a tax-free savings account within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"Total Assets" means the aggregate value of the assets of the Brompton ETF.

"Trading Day" means, for the Brompton ETF, unless otherwise agreed by the Manager, a day on which: (i) a regularsession of the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF are listed for trading) is held and (ii) the primary market or exchange for the majority of securities held by the Brompton ETF is open for trading.

"TSX" means the Toronto Stock Exchange.

"Unit" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, a redeemable, transferable unit of the Brompton ETF, beingeither a CAD Unit or USD Unit, as applicable, which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of the Brompton ETF.

"Unitholder" means a holder of Units of the Brompton ETF.

"USD Units" means the U.S. dollar denominated units offered by the Brompton ETF.

"Valuation Date" means each Trading Day, or any other day designated by the Manager, on which the NAV and NAVper Unit of the Brompton ETF is calculated.

"Valuation Time" means, in relation to the Brompton ETF, 4:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on a Valuation Date or such other time that the Manager deems appropriate on each Valuation Date.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the principal features of this distribution and should be read together with the more detailed information, financial data and financial statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

Issuer:	Flaherty & Crumrine Investment Grade Preferred Income Fund (to be renamed "Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF") (the "Brompton ETF")
	The Brompton ETF was originally established as a closed-end investment trust under the laws of province of Alberta on October 29, 2004. At a special meeting of the Brompton ETF held on November 1, 2021, holders of units of the Brompton ETF approved a resolution to change its name from "Flaherty & Crumrine Investment Grade Preferred Income Fund" to "Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF" and to convert the fund from a closed-end fund into an exchange traded alternative mutual fund under the laws of the province of Ontario in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust (the "Conversion"). The effective date of the Conversion is November 26, 2021 (the "Conversion Date"). References in this prospectus to the Brompton ETF refer to the Brompton ETF following the Conversion.
	The Brompton ETF will be an alternative mutual fund within the meaning of National Instrument 81-102 – <i>Investment Funds</i> (" NI 81-102 ") established as a trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to the Declaration of Trust (as defined herein). The Brompton ETF will be subject to restrictions and practices contained in Canadian securities legislation applicable to alternative mutual funds, including NI 81-102, and will be managed in accordance with these restrictions, except as otherwise permitted by exemptions provided by Canadian securities regulatory authorities.
	See "Overview of the Legal Structure of the Brompton ETF".
Offerings:	The Brompton ETF is offering an unlimited number of (a) units denominated in Canadian dollars (the " CAD Units ") and (b) units denominated in U.S. dollars (the " USD Units "). The CAD Units and USD Units are collectively referred to herein as " Units ". There is no maximum number of Units that may be issued.
	The USD Units of the Brompton ETF are identical tothe CAD Units of the Brompton ETF except that (a) the USD Units are denominated in U.S. dollars whereas the CAD Units are denominated in Canadian dollars and (b) any exposure that the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio which is allocable to the USD Units has to foreign currencies will not be hedged.
Purchases of Units:	See "Purchases of Units – Continuous Distribution". The outstanding units of the Brompton ETF will be redesignated as "CAD Units" in connection with the Conversion and subject to satisfying certain requirements of the Toronto Stock Exchange (the " TSX ") will be listed for trading on the TSX. An investor will be able to buy or sell CAD Units on the TSX on and after the Conversion Date through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides.
	The USD Units of the Brompton ETF have been conditionally approved for listing on the TSX. Subject to satisfying the TSX's original listing requirements in respect of the USD Units on or before October 12, 2022, the USD Units of the Brompton ETF will be listed for trading on the TSX and offered on a continuous basis, and an investor will be able to buy or sell USD Units on the TSX through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides.
	All orders to purchase Units directly from the Brompton ETF must be placed by Designated

Brokers (as defined herein) or Dealers (as defined herein).

The following table sets out the TSX ticker symbol of the Brompton ETF:

		TSX Ticke	er Symbol
		CAD Units	USD Units
	Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF	BEPR	BEPR.U
	Investors may incur customary brokerage commiss Brompton ETF. No fees are paid by investors to t connection with the buying or selling of Units on t which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) way as other securities listed on the TSX, including b	he Manager or the he TSX (or any oth). Investors may trade	Brompton ETF in er marketplace on e Units in the same
	The Manager, in certain circumstances, will be able issuance without requiring the approval of the ho ("Unitholders").		
	See "Purchases of Units – Listing of Units", "Purchas and "Purchases of Units – Future Issuances of Units"		uous Distribution"
Investment Objectives:	The investment objectives of the Brompton ETF are monthly cash distributions; and (b) a stable net ass hedge substantially all of its direct foreign currency However, any exposure that the Brompton ETF's as foreign currencies will not be hedged.	et value. The Brom exposure back to the	pton ETF seeks to ne Canadian dollar.
	See "Investment Objectives".		
Investment Strategies:	The investment strategy of the Brompton ETF is securities selected by the Sub-advisor in order to ach		
	The Brompton ETF invests, directly or indirectly consisting primarily of preferred and income-pro- traditional preferred stock, trust preferred sec characteristics of both equity and debt securities, con debt, and senior debt of North American issuers or of securities of global issuers. The Brompton ETF prima are rated Investment Grade (as defined herein) howed in securities that are not rated Investment Grade if af 75% of the Brompton ETF's portfolio (by marked investment) consists of securities of issuers that are not are readed investment and the securities of the Brompton ETF's portfolio (by marked investment) consists of securities of issuers that are not are readed by the securities of issuers that are not provided by the securities of the Brompton ETF's portfolio (by marked investment) consists of securities of issuers that are not are readed by the securities of issuers that are not provided by the securities of the securities	ducing corporate se urities, hybrid sec ntingent-capital secu of Canadian or U.S. of arily invests in secur ever the Brompton E ter investment in suc t weight, as measu	curities, including purities that have rities, subordinated dollar-denominated rities of issuers that TF may also invest th securities at least red at the time of
	See "Investment Strategies".		
General Investment Strategies:	The Brompton ETF invests in an actively managed p and instruments which may include, but are not limit related securities, fixed income and fixed income r exchange traded funds (provided such investments a investment objectives and strategies). Equity-related may include, but are not limited to, convertible debt,	ed to, debt securities elated securities, fur re consistent with th l securities held by	, equity and equity- tures contracts and le Brompton ETF's the Brompton ETF

its assets in cash and cash equivalents.

options, preferred shares, contingent capital securities and warrants. Fixed income related securities include preferred securities, hybrid securities that have characteristics of both equity and debt securities, subordinated debt and senior debt. If market conditions require, in order to preserve capital, the Brompton ETF may seek to invest a substantial portion of

Investment in Other Investment Funds – In accordance with applicable securities legislation, including NI 81-102, and as an alternative to or in conjunction with investing in and holding securities directly, the Brompton ETF may also invest in one or more other investment funds, including other investment funds managed by the Manager (each, an "Other Fund"), provided that no management fees or incentive fees are payable by the Brompton ETF that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by the Other Fund for the same service. The Brompton ETF's allocation to investments in Other Funds, if any, will vary from time to time depending on the liquidity of the Other Funds, and the ability of the Manager to identify appropriate investment funds that are consistent with the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and strategies.

Use of Derivative Instruments – The Brompton ETF may invest in or use derivative instruments, including futures contracts and forward contracts, from time to time, for hedging or non-hedging purposes provided that the use of such derivative instruments is in compliance with NI 81-102 or the appropriate regulatory exemptions have been obtained, and is consistent with the investment objectives of the Brompton ETF.

Currency Hedging – The Brompton ETF will hedge substantially all of its direct foreign currency exposure back to the Canadian dollar through the utilization of currency forward agreements. All such currency forward agreements will be entered into in compliance with NI 81-102 with financial institutions that have a "designated rating" as defined in NI 81-102. Hedging currency exposure to reduce the impact of fluctuations in exchange rates is intended to reduce the direct exposure to foreign currency risk for Unitholders. Any exposure that the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio which is allocable to the USD Units has to foreign currencies will not be hedged.

Securities Lending – The Brompton ETF may enter into securities lending transactions, repurchase and reverse purchase transactions in compliance with NI 81-102 to earn additional income for the Brompton ETF.

Alternative Mutual Fund – The Brompton ETF will be considered an "alternative mutual fund" within the meaning of NI 81-102. As an alternative mutual fund, the Brompton ETF will be permitted to use strategies generally prohibited by conventional mutual funds under NI 81-102, such as the ability to borrow, up to 50% of its net asset value, cash to use for investment purposes; sell, up to 50% of its net asset value, securities short (the combined level of cash borrowing and short selling is limited to 50% in aggregate); and aggregate gross exposure, calculated as the sum of the following, must not exceed 300% of the Brompton ETF's net asset value: (i) the aggregate market value of securities sold short, and (iii) the aggregate notional value of the Brompton ETF's specified derivative positions excluding any specified derivatives used for hedging purposes, among other things. The Brompton ETF generally intends to maintain an aggregate gross exposure of less than 50% of its net asset value.

See "Investment Strategies - General Investment Strategies".

Special Considerations for Purchasers: The "early warning" reporting requirements do not apply in connection with the ownership or control of securities issued by a mutual fund such as Units of the Brompton ETF. In addition, the Brompton ETF has obtained exemptive relief from the securities regulatory authorities to permit a Unitholder to acquire more than 20% of the Units of a class of the Brompton ETF through purchases on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) without regard to the takeover bid requirements of applicable Canadian Securities Legislation.

See "Attributes of the Securities - Description of the Securities Distributed".

Risk Factors: There are certain general risk factors inherent in an investment in the Brompton ETF, including:

- a) the general risks of investments;
- b) the risks associated with alternative mutual funds;
- c) the risks associated with the use of leverage;
- d) the risks associated with the use of derivative instruments;
- e) the risks associated with prime brokers;
- f) the risks associated with short-selling;
- g) the risks associated with investing in particular asset classes;
- h) the risks associated with the issuers in which the Brompton ETF invests;
- i) the risks associated with currency hedging;
- j) the risks associated with reliance on key personnel;
- k) the risk that Units may trade at a premium or a discount to the NAV per Unit;
- 1) the risk that the Brompton ETF may have investment objectives that are less diversified than the overall market;
- m) the risks associated with illiquid securities;
- n) the risks associated with changes in legislation and regulatory risk;
- o) tax-related risks;
- p) risks relating to the potential acquisition of PNUs by Dealers at discounts or premiums;
- q) the risks associated with the inability of the Designated Broker and Dealers to meet their settlement obligations;
- r) the risks associated with investment by the Brompton ETF in other investment funds;
- s) the risks associated with investment by the Brompton ETF in other ETFs;
- t) the risks associated with an absence of an active market for Units;
- u) the risks associated with a multi-class structure;
- v) the risks associated with the potential cease trading of securities of an issuer included in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF;
- w) the risks associated with an early or unexpected closing of the TSX or any other marketplace on which the securities held by the Brompton ETF may be traded;
- x) counterparty risk associated with securities lending;
- y) duration risk;
- z) the risks associated with equity investments;
- aa) the risks associated with foreign market exposure;
- bb) the risks associated with investment in large-capitalization issuers;
- cc) the risks associated with the sensitivity of the Brompton ETF to interest rates;
- dd) the risk that securities in which the Brompton ETF invest may trade below, at or above their respective net asset values per security;
- ee) the risks associated with cybersecurity;
- ff) risks related to market volatility;
- gg) the risks associated with the potential inability of the Brompton ETF to meet its investment objectives or make distributions;
- hh) the risks associated with market disruptions;
- ii) the risks associated with the loss of investment and no guaranteed returns;
- jj) the risks associated with the fact that the Brompton ETF is not a trust company;
- kk) the risks associated with the nature of the Units;
- ll) the risks associated with USD Units;
- mm) the risks related to investments focused on a specific region;
- nn) the general risks associated with preferred, contingent capital and other subordinated securities; and
- oo) the risk associated with the residency of the Sub-advisor.

See "Risk Factors".

Income Tax Considerations:	This summary of Canadian tax considerations for the Brompton ETF and for Canadian resident Unitholders is subject in its entirety to the qualifications, limitations and assumptions set out in "Income Tax Considerations".
	A Unitholder of the Brompton ETF who is an individual (other than a trust) resident in Canada and who holds Units as capital property (all within the meaning of the Tax Act) will generally be required to include, in computing income for a taxation year, the amount of net income and net taxable capital gains of the Brompton ETF that is paid or becomes payable to the Unitholder by the Brompton ETF in that year and deducted by the Brompton ETF in computing its income (including such income that is paid in Units of the Brompton ETF or reinvested in additional Units of the Brompton ETF).
	A Unitholder of the Brompton ETF who disposes of a Unit of the Brompton ETF, including on a redemption or otherwise, will generally realize a capital gain (or capital loss) to the extent that the proceeds of disposition, net of costs of disposition, exceed (or are exceeded by) the aggregate of the adjusted cost base to the Unitholder of that Unit.
	Each investor should satisfy himself or herself as to the federal and provincial tax consequences of an investment in Units of the Brompton ETF by obtaining advice from his or her tax advisor.
	See "Income Tax Considerations".
Exchanges and Redemptions:	Unitholders may redeem Units for cash, subject to a redemption discount. Unitholders may also exchange a Prescribed Number of Units (or integral multiple thereof) for Baskets of Securities and cash or, in the discretion of the Manager, cash only.
	See "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF for Cash" and "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Exchange of Units of the Brompton ETF atNet Asset Value per Unit for Baskets of Securities and/or Cash" for further information.
Distributions:	Cash distributions on Units of the Brompton ETF will be made in the currency in which the Units of the Brompton ETF are denominated. Cash distributions of income, if any, on Units will be payable monthly by the Brompton ETF. The Brompton ETF will not havea fixed distribution amount. The amount of ordinary cash distributions, if any, will be set at the Manager's sole discretion and may be based on the Manager's assessment of the prevailing market conditions, the Brompton ETF's ability to generate sufficient levels of distributable cash and any other factors that the Manager, in its discretion, may deem relevant. The date of any cash distribution of the Brompton ETF will be announced in advance by issuance of a press release. Subject to compliance with the investment objectives of the Brompton ETF, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, change the frequency of these distributions and any such change will be announced by issuance of a press release.
	Depending on the underlying investments of the Brompton ETF, distributions on Units may consist of ordinary income, including foreign source income and taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations, sourced from dividends, distributions or interest received by the Brompton ETF but may also include Net Realized Capital Gains, in any case, less the expenses of the Brompton ETF and may include returns of capital.
	In addition, the Brompton ETF may, from time to time, pay Additional Distributions on its Units, including without restriction in connection with returns of capital.
	The tax treatment to Unitholders of distributions is discussed under the heading "Income Tax Considerations".
	See "Distribution Policy".
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Distribution ReinvestmentPlan:	Unitholders may reinvest cash distributions in additional CAD Units through participation in a distribution reinvestment plan. Cash distributions on USD Units are currently not eligible for reinvestment under the Brompton ETF's distribution reinvestment plan.
	See "Distribution Policy – Distribution Reinvestment Plan".
Termination:	The Brompton ETF does not have a fixed termination date but may be terminated at the discretion of the Manager in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust.
	See "Termination of the Brompton ETF".
Eligibility for Investment:	Provided that the Brompton ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust within the meaning of the Tax Act, is a "registered investment" within the meaning of the Tax Act or that the Units of the Brompton ETF are listed on a "designated stock exchange", within the meaning of the Tax Act, which includes the TSX, the Units of the Brompton ETF will be qualified investments under the Tax Act for trusts governed by Registered Plans. See "Income Tax Considerations".
	Holders of TFSAs or RDSPs, subscribers of RESPs and annuitants of RRSPs or RRIFs, should consult with their tax advisers as to whether Units would be a prohibited investment within the meaning of the Tax Act for such accounts or plans in their particular circumstances.
	See "Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of Registered Plans".
Documents Incorporated by Reference:	Additional information about the Brompton ETF is or will be available in the most recently filed annual financial statements, any interim financial statements filed after those annual financial statements, the most recently filed annual management report of fund performance (" MRFP "), any interim MRFP filed after the annual MRFP for the Brompton ETF, and the most recently filed ETF Facts for the Brompton ETF. These documents are or will be incorporated by reference into, and legally form an integral part of, this prospectus. These documents are, or will be, publicly available on the Manager's website at www.bromptongroup.com and may be obtained upon request, at no cost, by calling (416) 642-6000 or toll-free at 1-866-642-6001, by sending an email request to info@bromptongroup.com or by contacting a registered dealer. These documents and other information about the Brompton ETF are or will also be publicly available at www.sedar.com.
	See "Documents Incorporated by Reference".
Organization and Ma	unagement of the Brompton ETF

Trustee, ManagerBrompton Funds Limited is the manager and portfolio manager of the Brompton ETF, and will
as of November 26, 2021 be the trustee of the Brompton ETF, and is responsible for the operations
and administration of the Brompton ETF, including themanagement of the Brompton ETF's
investment portfolio. The principal office of the Brompton ETF and the Manager is located
at 181 Bay Street, Suite 2930, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2T3.

See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Trustee, Manager and Portfolio Manager".

Sub-advisor	Flaherty & Crumrine Incorporated (the " Sub-advisor ") acts as the investment sub-advisor to the Brompton ETF pursuant to the terms of the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement (as defined herein).
	The Sub-advisor is an investment advisor located in the United States and is an investment advisor registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Sub-advisor".
Promoter:	The Manager has taken the initiative to reorganize the Brompton ETF and may be considered to be the promoter of the Brompton ETF within the meaning of securities legislation of certain provinces and territories of Canada.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Promoter".
Custodian:	CIBC Mellon Trust Company (the " Custodian "), at its principal office in Toronto, Ontario, is the custodian of the assets of the Brompton ETF and holds the Brompton ETF's assets in safekeeping. The Custodianis entitled to receive fees from the Brompton ETF as described under "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Operating Costs and Expenses" andto be reimbursed for all expenses and liabilities that are properly incurred by the Custodian in connection with the activities of the Brompton ETF.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Custodian".
Prime Broker:	Royal Bank of Canada will act as prime broker in respect of the Brompton ETF's margin facilities. The Prime Broker will be providing margin lending to the Brompton ETF to acquire additional portfolio holdings. The Prime Broker is located in Toronto, Ontario. See "Organization and Management Details of Brompton ETF – Prime Broker".
Registrar and Transfer Agent:	TSX Trust Company, at its principal office in Toronto, Ontario, will act as the registrar and transfer agent for the Units of the Brompton ETF and maintains the register of Unitholders. The register of the Brompton ETF is kept in Toronto, Ontario.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Registrar and Transfer Agent".
Securities Lending Agents:	The Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and the Bank of New York Mellon, each attheir principal offices in Toronto, Ontario, may act as the securities lending agents for the Brompton ETF pursuant to a securities lending authorization agreement.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Securities Lending Agents".
Auditor:	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, at its principal offices in Toronto, Ontario, is the auditorof the Brompton ETF. The auditor audits the Brompton ETF's annual financial statements and provides an opinion as to whether they present fairly the Brompton ETF'sfinancial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with InternationalFinancial Reporting Standards. The auditor is independent with respect to the Brompton ETF within the meaning of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario CPA Code of Professional Conduct.
	See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Auditor".

Summary of Fees and Expenses

The following lists the fees and expenses that an investor may have to pay if the investor invests in the Brompton ETF. An investor may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly. The Brompton ETF may have to pay

some of these fees and expenses, which will therefore reduce the value of an investment in the Brompton ETF. See "Fees and Expenses".

Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF

Type of Fee	Amount and Description
Management Fee:	The Brompton ETF pays an annual management fee (the " Management Fee ") to the Manager equal to 1.0% of the NAV of each class of Units of the Brompton ETF, calculated and payable monthly in arrears, plus applicable taxes.
	In the event that the Brompton ETF invests portfolio assets in an Other Fund to obtain exposure to securities, the Brompton ETF's returns on the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio assets invested in the Other Fund will be reduced by management fees paid by the Other Fund, regardless of whether such Other Fund is managed by the Manager or a third- party manager. The management fee payable to the Manager will not be payable in respect of the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio assets invested in the Other Fund to the extent that such fee would be duplicative.
	The Manager pays any fees and expenses payable to the Sub-advisor in connection with its provision of investment sub-advisory services to the Brompton ETF out of the Management Fee it receives from the Brompton ETF, as negotiated between the Manager and the Sub-advisor from time to time.
	See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee".
Management Fee Distributions:	The Manager may, at its discretion, agree to charge a reduced Management Fee as compared to the Management Fee that it otherwise would be entitled to receive from the Brompton ETF, provided that the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee is distributed periodically by the Brompton ETF to the Unitholders as a Management Fee Distribution. Any reduction will depend on a number of factors, including the amount invested, the Total Assets (as defined herein) of the Brompton ETF under administration, the NAV of the Brompton ETF and the expected amount of account activity. The availability, amount and timing of Management Fee Distributions with respect to Units of the Brompton ETF will be determined by the Manager, in its sole discretion, from time to time.
	See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee Distributions".
Operating Costs and Expenses:	In addition to the payment of the Management Fee the Brompton ETF will pay for all expenses incurred in connection with its operation and administration. The Manager intends to waive a portion of the Management Fee and/or reimburse the Brompton ETF to ensure that the sum of the Management Fee and certain normal-course operating expenses (as described below in more detail, " Operating Expenses "), in each case inclusive of associated GST/HST (as defined herein), is limited to approximately 1.2% of NAV. The Manager is under no obligation to waive fees or reimburse expenses for the Brompton ETF and may in its discretion, discontinue or alter this practice at any time.
	Expenses payable by the Brompton ETF which are defined as "Operating Expenses" are: (a) costs and expenses related to the preparation, translation, mailing and printing of periodic financial and other reports to Unitholders, (b) fees payable to the trustee for acting as trustee (in the event that the Manager appoints a third party trustee in the future), (c) fees payable to the registrar and transfer agent, (d) fees payable to the custodian for acting as custodian of the assets of the Brompton ETF including fees payable to the Custodian for providing valuation services to the Brompton ETF, (e) any reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred by the Manager or its directors, officers or agents in connection with their ongoing

obligations to the Brompton ETF, (f) fees and expenses relating to voting of proxies by a third party, (g) fees payable to the auditors and legal advisors of the Brompton ETF in the normal course, (h) stock exchange, licensing and regulatory filing fees and CDS fees, (i) costs and expenses of complying with all laws, regulations and policies which are currently applicable, including expenses and costs incurred in connection with the continuous public filing requirements such as permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses, (j) costs and expenses incurred for investor relations activities, (k) fees payable to the plan agent with respect to the distribution reinvestment plan of the Brompton ETF, and (l) any additional fees payable to third party service providers.

Expenses payable by the Brompton ETF which are excluded from the definition of "Operating Expenses", without limitation, include (a) IRC committee member fees and expenses, and expenses related to compliance with NI 81-107, (b) insurance coverage for members of the IRC and director and officer insurance premiums for directors and officers of the Manager, (c) banking, interest charges and principal repayment obligations on account of any indebtedness, (d) costs relating to financial instruments including currency hedging, call or put options, or any other derivatives, if applicable, (e) brokerage commissions, custodian transaction fees and/or expenses, and other costs of portfolio transactions, (f) any taxes payable by the Brompton ETF or to which the Brompton ETF may be subject, including income taxes, withholding taxes and/or any applicable sales taxes (including GST/HST), (g) the cost of complying with any new governmental or regulatory requirement introduced after the establishment of the Brompton ETF including, as applicable, any costs associated with the printing and distribution of any documents that the securities regulatory authorities require be sent or delivered to purchasers of Units of the Brompton ETF, (h) expenditures incurred upon termination of the Brompton ETF, (i) expenses of any action, suit or other proceedings in which or in relation to which the Manager, Sub-advisor, members of the IRC, the custodian or the trustee (if applicable) and/or any of their respective officers, directors, employees, consultants or agents is entitled to indemnity by the Brompton ETF, to the extent permitted under the Declaration of Trust, (j) expenses relating to meetings of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF, including the preparation, printing and mailing of information to such Unitholders, (k) legal, accounting and audit fees and fees and expenses of the trustee (if applicable), custodian and Manager which are incurred in respect of matters which in the Manager's opinion are not in the normal course of the Brompton ETF's operating activities, and (1) other expenses that the Brompton ETF may incur which, in the Manager's view, are outside of the normal course of business.

See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Operating Costs and Expenses".

Fees and Expenses Payable by the Designated Broker and Dealers

Type of Fee	Amount and Description
Cash Creation Fee:	The Manager may, in its complete discretion, accept subscription proceeds consisting of (i) cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of the applicable PNU of the Brompton ETF determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the subscription order, plus (ii) if applicable, the fee payable in connection with cash-only payments for subscriptions of a PNU, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in purchasing securities on the market with such cash proceeds (the " Cash Creation Fee ").
	The Cash Creation Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager. The Cash Creation Fee, if any, will accrue to the Brompton ETF.
	See "Fee and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Designated Broker and Dealers".

Cash Exchange Fee:	Upon the request of the Designated Broker or Dealer, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, satisfy an exchange request by delivering cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of each PNU tendered for exchange determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the exchange request, provided that the Designated Broker or Dealer agrees to pay the fee payable in connection with cash-only payments for exchange of a PNU of the Brompton ETF, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in selling securities on the market to obtain the necessary cash for the exchange (the " Cash Exchange Fee "), if applicable.
	The Cash Exchange Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager.
	See "Fee and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Designated Broker and Dealers".
Administration Fee:	An amount as may be agreed to between the Manager and the Designated Broker or a Dealer of the Brompton ETF may be charged to offset certain transaction costs associated with an issue, exchange or redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF. This charge does not apply to Unitholders who buy and sell their Units through the facilities of the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).
	See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by the Unitholders – Administration Fees" and "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Administration Fee".

Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by Unitholders

Type of Fee	Amount and Description
▲	The Manager may, in its sole discretion, charge Unitholders of the Brompton ETF a redemption fee from time to time. This fee will be determined by the Manager.

Annual Returns, Management Expense Ratio and Trading Expense Ratio

The following chart provides the annual returns, management expense ratio ("MER") and trading expense ratio ("TER") for the CAD Units of the Brompton ETF from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020.

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual Returns ⁽¹⁾	(0.3%)	27.3%	(9.2%)	15.9%	7.7%
MER ⁽²⁾	2.21%	3.10%	3.01%	2.58%	2.40%
TER ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-

Notes:

(1) Represents annual returns for the Brompton ETF based on the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and investment strategies prior to the Conversion.

(2) MER is based on total expenses (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) and expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average NAV during the period.

(3) TER represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average NAV during the period

OVERVIEW OF THE LEGAL STRUCTURE OF THE BROMPTON ETF

The Brompton ETF was originally established as a closed-end investment trust under the laws of province of Alberta on October 29, 2004. At a special meeting of the Brompton ETF held on November 1, 2021, holders of units of the Brompton ETF approved a special resolution to change its name from "Flaherty & Crumrine Investment Grade Preferred Income Fund" to "Brompton Flaherty & Crumrine Enhanced Investment Grade Preferred ETF" and to convert the fund from a closed-end fund into an exchange traded alternative mutual fund under the laws of the province of Ontario in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust (the "**Conversion**"). The effective date of the Conversion is November 26, 2021 (the "**Conversion Date**"). References in this prospectus to the Brompton ETF refer to the Brompton ETF following the Conversion.

While the Brompton ETF will be a mutual fund under the securities legislation of certain provinces and territories of Canada, certain provisions of Canadian securities legislation applicable to conventional mutual funds will not apply to the Brompton ETF because the Brompton ETF will be an "alternative mutual fund" within the meaning of NI 81-102. The Brompton EF will be subject to restrictions and practices contained in Canadian securities legislation applicable to alternative mutual funds, including NI 81-102, and will be managed in accordance with these restrictions, except as otherwise permitted by exemptions provided by Canadian securities regulatory authorities

The Manager is the manager, portfolio manager and promoter of the Brompton ETF, and will as of November 26, 2021, be the trustee of the Brompton ETF, and is responsible for the administration of the Brompton ETF. The principal office of the Manager and the Brompton ETF is located at 181 Bay Street, Suite 2930, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2T3.

The Sub-advisor acts as the investment sub-advisor to the Brompton ETF and is responsible for implementing the investment strategies of the Brompton ETF.

The outstanding units of the Brompton ETF will be redesignated as "CAD Units" in connection with the Conversion and subject to satisfying certain requirements of the TSX will be listed for trading on the TSX. An investor will be able to buy or sell CAD Units on the TSX on and after the Conversion Date through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides. See "Purchases of Units".

The USD Units of the Brompton ETF have been conditionally approved for listing on the TSX. Subject to satisfying the TSX's original listing requirements in respect of the USD Units on or before October 12, 2022, the USD Units of the Brompton ETF will be listed for trading on the TSX and offered on a continuous basis, and an investor will be able to buy or sell USD Units on the TSX through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides. See "Purchases of Units".

The following chart sets out the TSX ticker symbol of the Brompton ETF before and after the Conversion:

TSX Ticker Symbol (Before Conversion)	TSX Ticker Symbol (After Conversion)
FFI.UN	BEPR (CAD Units)
	BEPR.U (USD Units)

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives of the Brompton ETF are to provide Unitholders of the Brompton ETF with: (a) stable monthly cash distributions and (b) a stable NAV. The Brompton ETF seeks to hedge substantially all of its direct foreign currency exposure back to the Canadian dollar. However, any exposure that the Brompton ETF's assets allocable to the USD Units have to foreign currencies will not be hedged.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The investment strategy of the Brompton ETF is to invest in and hold a portfolio of securities selected by the Sub-advisorin order to achieve its investment objectives.

The Brompton ETF invests, directly or indirectly, in an actively managed portfolio consisting primarily of preferred and income-producing corporate securities, including traditional preferred stock, trust preferred securities, hybrid securities that

have characteristics of both equity and debt securities, contingent-capital securities, subordinated debt, and senior debt of North American issuers or of Canadian or U.S. dollar-denominated securities of global issuers. The Brompton ETF primarily invests in securities of issuers that are rated Investment Grade however the Brompton ETF may also invest in securities that are not rated Investment Grade if after investment in such securities at least 75% of the Brompton ETF's portfolio (by market weight, as measured at the time of investment) consists of securities of issuers that are rated Investment Grade.

General Investment Strategies of the Brompton ETF

The Brompton ETF invests, directly or indirectly, in an actively managed portfolio comprised of various securities and instruments which may include, but are not limited to, debt securities, equity and equity-related securities, fixed income and fixed income related securities, futures contracts and exchange traded funds (provided such investments are consistent with the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and strategies). Equity-related securities held by the Brompton ETF may include, but are not limited to, convertible debt, income trust units, single issuer equity options, preferred shares, contingent capital securities and warrants. Fixed income related securities include preferred securities, hybrid securities that have characteristics of both equity and debt securities, subordinated debt and senior debt. If market conditions require, in order to preserve capital, the Brompton ETF may seek to invest a substantial portion of its assets in cash and cash equivalents.

Investment in Other Investment Funds – In accordance with applicable securities legislation, including NI 81-102, and as an alternative to or in conjunction with investing in and holding securities directly, the Brompton ETF may also invest in one or more other investment funds, including Other Funds, provided that no management fees or incentive fees are payable by the Brompton ETF that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by the Other Fund for the same service. The Brompton ETF's allocation to investments in Other Funds, if any, will vary from time to time depending on the liquidity of the Other Funds, and the ability of the Manager to identify appropriate investment funds that are consistent with the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and strategies.

Use of Derivative Instruments – The Brompton ETF may use derivative instruments for hedging purposes (i.e., to hedge the foreign currency exposure of the securities included in the Brompton ETF's portfolio to the Canadian dollar) or for non-hedging purposes (i.e., as a substitute for investing directly in one or more securities). The Brompton ETF may use derivative instruments to reduce transaction costs and increase the liquidity and efficiency of trading. The Brompton ETF may, from time to time, use derivatives to hedge its exposure to equity, fixed income and hybrid securities. The Brompton ETF may invest in or use derivative instruments, including futures contracts and forward contracts, provided that the use of such derivative instruments is in compliance with NI 81-102 or the appropriate regulatory exemptions have been obtained, and is consistent with the investment objectives and strategies of the Brompton ETF.

Currency Hedging – The Brompton ETF will hedge substantially all of its direct foreign currency exposure back to the Canadian dollar through the utilization of currency forward agreements. All such currency forward agreements will be entered into in compliance with NI 81-102 with financial institutions that have a "designated rating" as defined in NI 81-102. Hedging currency exposure to reduce the impact of fluctuations in exchange rates is intended to reduce the direct exposure to foreign currency risk for Unitholders. Any exposure that the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio which is allocable to the USD Units of the Brompton ETF has to foreign currencies will not be hedged.

Securities Lending – The Brompton ETF may, in compliance with NI 81-102, lend securities to securities borrowers acceptable to it in order to earn additional income for the Brompton ETF pursuant to the terms of a securities lending agreement between the Brompton ETF and a securities lending agent under which: (a) the borrower will pay to the Brompton ETF a negotiated securities lending fee and will make compensation payments to the Brompton ETF equal to any distributions received by the borrower on the securities borrowed; (b) the securities loans qualify as "securities lending arrangements" for the purposes of the Tax Act; and (c) the Brompton ETF will receive collateral security equal to at least 102% of the value of the portfolio securities loaned. The securities lending agent for the Brompton ETF will be responsible for the ongoing administration of the securities loans, including the obligation to mark-to-market the collateral on a daily basis.

Alternative Mutual Fund – Following the Conversion, the Brompton ETF will be considered an "alternative mutual fund" within the meaning of NI 81-102. As an alternative mutual fund, the Brompton ETF will be permitted to use strategies generally prohibited by conventional mutual funds under NI 81-102, such as the ability to borrow, up to 50% of its NAV, cash to use for investment purposes; sell, up to 50% of its NAV, securities short (the combined level of cash borrowing and short selling is limited to 50% in aggregate); and aggregate gross exposure, calculated as the sum of the following, must

not exceed 300% of the Brompton ETF's NAV: (i) the aggregate value of the outstanding indebtedness under any borrowing agreements; (ii) the aggregate market value of securities sold short, and (iii) the aggregate notional value of the Brompton ETF's specified derivative positions excluding any specified derivatives used for hedging purposes, among other things. The Brompton ETF generally intends to maintain an aggregate gross exposure of less than 50% of its NAV.

OVERVIEW OF THE SECTORS THAT THE BROMPTON ETF INVESTS IN

The Brompton ETF primarily invests, directly or indirectly, in corporate preferred shares, trust preferred shares and other hybrid preferred shares and corporate debt of North American issuers or of Canadian or U.S. dollar denominated securities of global issuers.

Please see "Investment Objectives" and "Investment Strategies" for additional information on the sectors applicable to the Brompton ETF.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Brompton ETF is subject to certain investment restrictions and practices contained in securities legislation, including NI 81-102, which are designed in part to ensure that the investments of the Brompton ETF are diversified and relatively liquid and to ensure their proper administration. As an "alternative mutual fund" the Brompton ETF will not be subject to certain investment restrictions set out in NI 81-102 that restrict the ability of conventional mutual funds (other than alternative mutual funds) to leverage their assets through borrowing, short sales and/or derivatives. A change to the fundamental investment objectives of the Brompton ETF would require the approval of the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF. See "Unitholder Matters – Matters Requiring Unitholders Approval" and "Investment Strategies – General Investment Strategies of the Brompton ETF – Alternative Mutual Fund".

Subject to the following, and any exemptive relief that has been or will be obtained, the Brompton ETF is managed in accordance with the investment restrictions and practices set out in the applicable securities legislation, including NI 81-102. See "Exemptions and Approvals".

FEES AND EXPENSES

This section details the fees and expenses that an investor may have to pay if the investor invests in the Brompton ETF. An investor may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly. The Brompton ETF may have to pay some of these fees and expenses, which will therefore reduce the value of an investment in the Brompton ETF.

Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF

Management Fees

The Brompton ETF pays an annual Management Fee to the Manager equal to 1.0% of the NAV of each class of Units of the Brompton ETF, calculated and payable monthly in arrears, plus applicable taxes. See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF – Trustee, Manager and Portfolio Manager – Duties and Services to be Provided by the Manager" for a description of the services provided by the Manager.

The Manager pays any fees and expenses payable to the Sub-advisor in connection with its provision of investment subadvisory services to the Brompton ETF out of the Management Fee it receives from the Brompton ETF, as negotiated between the Manager and the Sub-advisor from time to time.

In the event that the Brompton ETF invests portfolio assets in another investment fund to obtain exposure to securities for its portfolio, the Brompton ETF's returns on the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio assets invested in the Other Fund will be reduced by management fees paid by the Other Fund, regardless of whether the Other Fund is managed by the Manager or an affiliate of the Manager or a third-party manager. The management fee payable to the Manager will not be payable in respect of the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio assets invested in the Other Fund to the extent that such fee would be duplicative.

The Manager may, at its discretion, agree to charge a reduced Management Fee as compared to the Management Fee that it otherwise would be entitled to receive from the Brompton ETF, provided that the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee is distributed periodically by the Brompton ETF to the Unitholders as a Management Fee

Distribution. Any reduction will depend on a number of factors, including the amount invested, the Total Assets of the Brompton ETF under administration, the NAV of the Brompton ETF and the expected amount of account activity. Management Fee Distributions will be paid first out of net income of the Brompton ETF then out of capital gains of the Brompton ETF and thereafter out of capital.

The availability and amount of Management Fee Distributions with respect to Units will be determined by the Manager. Management Fee Distributions for the Brompton ETF will generally be calculated and applied based on a Unitholder's average holdings of Units over each applicable period as specified by the Manager from time to time. Management Fee Distributions will be available only to beneficial owners of Units and not to the holdings of Units by dealers, brokers or other CDS Participants that hold Units on behalf of beneficial owners. Management Fee Distributions will be paid first out of net income of the Brompton ETF, then out of capital gains of the Brompton ETF and thereafter out of capital. In order to receive a Management Fee Distribution for any applicable period, a beneficial owner of Units must submit a claim for a Management Fee Distribution that is verified by a CDS Participant on the beneficial owner's behalf and provide the Manager with such further information as the Manager may require in accordance with the terms and procedures established by the Manager from time to time.

The Manager reserves the right to discontinue or change Management Fee Distributions at any time. The tax consequences of Management Fee Distributions made by the Brompton ETF generally will be borne by the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF receiving these distributions from the Manager

Operating Costs and Expenses

In addition to the payment of the Management Fee, the Brompton ETF pays for all expenses incurred in connection with its operation and administration. The Manager intends to waive a portion of the Management Fee and/or reimburse the Brompton ETF to ensure that the sum of the Management Fee and certain normal-course operating expenses (as described below in more detail, "**Operating Expenses**"), in each case inclusive of associated GST/HST, is limited to approximately 1.2% of NAV of the Brompton ETF. The Manager is under no obligation to waive fees or reimburse expenses for the Brompton ETF and may in its discretion, discontinue or alter this practice at any time.

Expenses payable by the Brompton ETF which are defined as Operating Expenses are: (a) costs and expenses related to the preparation, translation, mailing and printing of periodic financial and other reports to Unitholders, (b) fees payable to the trustee for acting as trustee (in the event that the Manager appoints a third party trustee in the future), (c) fees payable to the registrar and transfer agent, (d) fees payable to the custodian for acting as custodian of the assets of the Brompton ETF including fees payable to the custodian for valuation services, (e) any reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred by the Manager or its directors, officers or agents in connection with their ongoing obligations to the Brompton ETF, (f) fees and expenses relating to voting of proxies by a third party, (g) fees payable to the auditors and legal advisors of the Brompton ETF in the normal course, (h) stock exchange, licensing and regulatory filing fees and CDS fees, (i) costs and expenses of complying with all laws, regulations and policies which are currently applicable, including expenses and costs incurred in connection with the continuous public filing requirements such as permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses, (j) costs and expenses incurred for investor relations activities, (k) fees payable to the plan agent with respect to the distribution reinvestment plan of the Brompton ETF and (l) any additional fees payable to third party service providers.

Expenses payable by the Brompton ETF which are excluded from the definition of Operating Expenses, without limitation, include (a) IRC committee member fees and expenses, and expenses related to compliance with NI 81-107, (b) insurance coverage for members of the IRC and director and officer insurance premiums for directors and officers of the Manager, (c) banking, interest charges and principal repayment obligations on account of any indebtedness, (d) costs relating to financial instruments including currency hedging, call or put options, or any other derivatives, if applicable (e) brokerage commissions, custodian transaction fees and/or expenses, and other costs of portfolio transactions, (f) any taxes payable by the Brompton ETF or to which the Brompton ETF may be subject, including income taxes, withholding taxes and/or any applicable sales taxes (including GST/HST), (g) the cost of complying with any new governmental or regulatory requirement introduced after establishment of the Brompton ETF including, as applicable, any costs associated with the printing and distribution of any documents that the securities regulatory authorities require be sent or delivered to purchasers of Units of the Brompton ETF, (h) expenditures incurred upon termination of the Brompton ETF, (i) expenses of any action, suit or other proceedings in which or in relation to which the Manager, Sub-advisor, members of the IRC, the custodian or the trustee (if applicable) and/or any of their respective officers, directors, employees, consultants or agents is entitled to indemnity by the Brompton ETF, to the extent permitted under the Declaration of Trust, (j) expenses relating to meetings of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF, including the preparation, printing and mailing of information to such Unitholders,

(k) legal, accounting and audit fees and fees and expenses of the trustee (if applicable), custodian and Manager which are incurred in respect of matters which in the Manager's opinion are not in the normal course of the Brompton ETF's operating activities and (l) other expenses that the Brompton ETF may incur which, in the Manager's view, are outside of the normal course of business.

Investments in Other Investment Funds

In the event the Brompton ETF invests in one or more other investment funds listed on a stock exchange in Canada or the United States, there shall be no management fees or incentive fees that are payable by the Brompton ETF that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by the underlying investment fund for the same service.

Fees and Expenses Payable by the Designated Broker and Dealers

Cash Creation Fee

The Manager may, in its complete discretion, instead accept subscription proceeds consisting of (i) cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of the applicable PNU of the Brompton ETF determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the subscription order, plus (ii) if applicable, the fee payable in connection with cash-only payments for subscriptions of a PNU, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in purchasing securities on the market with such cash proceeds (the "Cash Creation Fee").

The Cash Creation Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager. The Cash Creation Fee, if any, will accrue to the Brompton ETF.

Cash Exchange Fee

Upon the request of a Designated Broker or Dealer, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, satisfy an exchange request by delivering cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of each PNU tendered for exchange determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the exchange request, provided that the Designated Broker or Dealer agrees to pay the Cash Exchange Fee.

The Cash Exchange Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager.

See "Exchange and Redemption of Units - Administration Fee".

Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by the Unitholders

The Manager may, in its sole discretion, charge Unitholders of the Brompton ETF a redemption fee from time to time. This fee will be determined by the Manager.

ANNUAL RETURNS, MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO AND TRADING EXPENSE RATIO

The following chart provides the annual returns, management expense ratio ("MER") and trading expense ratio ("TER") for the Units from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020.

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual Returns ⁽¹⁾	(0.3%)	27.3%	(9.2%)	15.9%	7.7%
MER ⁽²⁾	2.21%	3.10%	3.01%	2.58%	2.40%
TER ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
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Notes:

(1) Represents annual returns for the Brompton ETF based on the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and investment strategies prior to the Conversion.

(2) MER is based on total expenses (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) and expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average NAV during the period.

(3) TER represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average NAV during the period.

RISK FACTORS

In addition to the considerations set out elsewhere in this prospectus, the following are certain considerations relating to an investment in Units that prospective investors should consider before purchasing such Units:

General Risks of Investments

The value of the underlying securities of the Brompton ETF, whether held directly or indirectly, may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of the issuers of those underlying securities, the condition of equity and currency markets generally and other factors.

The risks inherent in investments in equity or debt securities, whether held directly or indirectly, include the risk that the financial condition of the issuers of the securities may become impaired or that the general condition of the stock market may deteriorate. Equity and debt securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and the financial condition of the issuer. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction and global or regional political, economic and banking crises.

Risks Associated with Alternative Mutual Funds

The Brompton ETF will be an alternative mutual fund pursuant to NI 81-102. The Brompton ETF will have the ability to invest in asset classes and use investment strategies that are not permitted for conventional mutual funds. While these strategies will be used in accordance with the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and strategies, during certain market conditions, they may accelerate the pace at which a Unitholder's investment decreases in value. Also, market conditions may make it difficult or impossible for the Brompton ETF to liquidate a position. The Brompton ETF will be permitted to use strategies generally prohibited by conventional mutual funds under NI 81-102, such as the ability to borrow, up to 50% of the Brompton ETF's NAV, cash to use for investment purposes; sell, up to 50% of the Brompton ETF's NAV, securities short (the combined level of cash borrowing and short selling is limited to 50% in aggregate); and aggregate gross exposure, calculated as the sum of the following, must not exceed 300% of the Brompton ETF's NAV: (i) the aggregate value of outstanding indebtedness under any borrowing agreements; (ii) the aggregate market value of all securities sold short; and (iii) the aggregate notional value of the Brompton ETF's specified derivatives positions excluding any specified derivatives used for hedging purposes, among other things. For more information regarding the risks associated with these strategies, see "Risks Associated with the Use of Derivative Instruments", "Use of Leverage Risk", "Prime Brokerage Risk" and "Short Selling Risk".

Use of Leverage Risk

The Brompton ETF is permitted to borrow to increase its investment leverage. As an "alternative mutual fund", the Brompton ETF is not subject to certain investment restrictions set out in NI 81-102 that restrict the ability of conventional mutual funds (other than alternative mutual funds) to leverage their assets through borrowing, short sales and/or derivatives. Investment decisions may be made for the assets of the Brompton ETF that exceed the NAV of the Brompton ETF. As a result, if these investment decisions are incorrect, the resulting losses will be more than if investments were made solely in an unleveraged long portfolio as is the case in most conventional equity mutual funds. In addition, leveraged investment strategies can also be expected to increase a fund's turnover, transaction and market impact costs, interest and other costs and expenses.

The Brompton ETF may create leverage through the use of derivatives, short sales and/or borrowing. Under the investment restrictions applicable to alternative mutual funds in NI 81-102, the Brompton ETF's aggregate gross exposure, calculated as the sum of the following, must not exceed 300% of the Brompton ETF's NAV: (i) the aggregate value of outstanding indebtedness under any borrowing agreements; (ii) the aggregate market value of all securities sold short; and (iii) the aggregate notional value of the Brompton ETF's specified derivatives positions excluding any specified derivatives used for hedging purposes, among other things. If the Brompton ETF's aggregate gross exposure exceeds 300% of the Brompton ETF's NAV, the Brompton ETF must, as quickly as is commercially reasonable, take all necessary steps to reduce the aggregate gross exposure to 300% of the Brompton ETF's NAV or less.

Pursuant to NI 81-102, the Brompton ETF may borrow cash up to a maximum of 50% of its NAV and may sell securities

short, whereby the aggregate market value of securities sold short will be limited to 50% of its NAV. The combined use of short-selling and cash borrowing by the Brompton ETF is subject to an overall limit of 50% of its NAV. If the aggregate value of cash borrowed combined with the aggregate market value of all securities sold short by the Brompton ETF exceeds 50% of the Brompton ETF's NAV, the Brompton ETF must, as quickly as commercially reasonable, take all necessary steps to reduce the aggregate value of cash borrowed combined with the aggregate market value of securities sold short to 50% or less of the Brompton ETF's NAV.

Risks Associated with the Use of Derivative Instruments

The Brompton ETF may use derivatives from time to time in accordance with NI 81-102. The use of derivatives involves risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Risks associated with the use of derivatives include: (i) there is no guarantee that hedging to reduce risk will not result in a loss or that there will be a gain; (ii) there is no guarantee that a market will exist when the Brompton ETF wants to complete the derivative contract, which could prevent the Brompton ETF from reducing a loss or making a profit; (iii) securities exchanges may impose trading limits on options and futures contracts, and these limits may prevent the Brompton ETF from completing the derivative contract; (iv) the Brompton ETF could experience a loss if the other party to the derivative contract or a swap with a Dealer or counterparty who goes bankrupt, the Brompton ETF could experience a loss and, for an open futures or forward contract or a swap, a loss of margin deposits with that dealer or counterparty; and (vi) if a derivative is based on a stock market index and trading is halted on a substantial number of stocks in the index or there is a change in the composition of the index, there could be an adverse effect on the derivative.

Unlike conventional mutual funds and ETFs, if an alternative mutual fund uses a derivative instrument, it is not required to hold certain assets and/or cash to ensure the Brompton ETF is able to meet its obligations under the derivative contract accordingly the Brompton ETF will be exposed to any losses that may be suffered under the derivative contract.

Prime Brokers Risk

Some or all of the Brompton ETF's assets may be held in one or more margin accounts. The margin accounts may provide less segregation of customer assets than would be the case with a more conventional custody arrangement. The broker may also lend, pledge or hypothecate the Brompton ETF's assets in such accounts as collateral, which may result in a potential loss of such assets. As a result, the Brompton ETF's assets could be frozen and inaccessible for withdrawal or subsequent trading for an extended period of time if the broker experiences financial difficulty. In such case, the Brompton ETF may experience losses due to insufficient assets at the broker to satisfy the claims of its creditors, and adverse market movements while its positions cannot be traded. In addition, the broker is unlikely to be able to provide leverage to the Brompton ETF's returns.

Short Selling Risk

Although the Brompton ETF does not currently engage in short selling securities, the Brompton ETF may do so in the future as one of its investment strategies. A short sale of a security may expose the Brompton ETF to losses if the price of the security sold short increases since the Brompton ETF may be required to purchase such securities in order to cover its short position at a higher price than the price at which such securities were sold short. The potential loss on the short sale of securities is unlimited, since there is no limit on how much the price of a security may appreciate before the short position is closed out.

In addition, a short sale entails the borrowing of the security in order that the short sale may be transacted. There is no assurance that the lender of the security will not require the security to be repaid before the Brompton ETF wishes to do so, thereby requiring the Brompton ETF to borrow the security elsewhere or purchase the security in the market at an unattractive price. In the event that numerous lenders of the security in the market simultaneously recall the same security, a "short-squeeze" may occur, whereby the market price of the borrowed security may increase significantly. In addition, the borrowing of securities entails the payment of a borrowing fee. There is no assurance that a borrowing fee will not increase during the borrowing period, adding to the expense of the short sale strategy. In addition, there is no assurance that the security sold short can be repurchased due to supply and demand constraints in the marketplace. An alternative mutual fund is generally permitted to sell securities short up to a maximum of 50% of its net asset value, including up to 10% of

its net asset value in the securities of one issuer.

Asset Class Risk

The securities in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF may underperform the returns of other securities that track other countries, regions, industries, asset classes or sectors. Various asset classes tend to experience cycles of outperformance and underperformance in comparison to the general securities markets.

Issuer Risk

Performance of the Brompton ETF will depend on the performance of the individual securities to which the Brompton ETF has exposure. Changes in the financial condition or credit rating of an issuer of those securities may cause the value of the securities to decline.

Currency Hedging Risk

With respect to the CAD Units, the Brompton ETF will hedge all or substantially all of its direct foreign currency exposure by entering into currency forward contracts with financial institutions that have a "designated rating" as defined in NI 81-102. For regulatory and operational reasons, the Brompton ETF may not be able to fully hedge such foreign exposure at all times. Although there is no assurance that these currency forward contracts will be effective, the Manager expects these currency forward contracts to be substantially effective.

The effectiveness of the Brompton ETF's currency hedging strategy will, in general, be affected by the volatility of the Brompton ETF and the volatility of the Canadian dollar relative to the foreign currency. Increased volatility will generally reduce the effectiveness of the currency hedging strategy. The effectiveness of this currency hedging strategy may also be affected by any significant difference between the Canadian dollar and foreign currencies' interest rates.

Any exposure that the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio which is allocable to the USD Units has to foreign currencies will not be hedged.

Reliance on Key Personnel Risk

Unitholders will be dependent on the abilities of the Manager and the Sub-advisor to effectively manage the Brompton ETF and its portfolio in a manner consistent with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions. There is no certainty that the individuals who are principally responsible for providing administration and portfolio management services and investment sub-advisory services to the Brompton ETF will continue to be employed by the Manager or Sub-advisor.

Trading Price of Units Risk

Units of the Brompton ETF may trade in the market at a premium or a discount to the NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF. There can be no assurance that Units of the Brompton ETF will trade at prices that reflect its NAV per Unit. The trading price of the Units of the Brompton ETF will fluctuate in accordance with changes in the Brompton ETF's NAV, as well as market supply and demand on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).

Concentration Risk

The Brompton ETF may have more of its net assets invested in one or more issuers and/or sectors than is permitted for many investment funds. In these circumstances, the Brompton ETF may be affected more by the performance of individual issuers in its portfolio, with the result that the NAV of the Brompton ETF may be more volatile and may fluctuate more over short periods of time than the net asset value of a more broadly diversified investment fund. In addition, this may increase the liquidity risk of the Brompton ETF which may, in turn, have an effect on the Brompton ETF's ability to satisfy redemption requests.

Illiquid Securities Risk

There is no assurance that an adequate market will exist for the assets included in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF and it

cannot be predicted whether the assets included in the portfolio will trade at a discount to, a premium to, or at their respective par or maturity values. Certain assets held in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF may trade infrequently, if at all, and may trade at a significant premium or discount to the latest price at which they are valued in such portfolio.

Changes in Legislation and Regulatory Risk

There can be no assurance that applicable laws in Canada or in foreign jurisdictions including income tax, securities and other laws and regulations will not be changed in a manner that adversely affects the Brompton ETF or the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF. There can be no assurance that Canadian federal income tax laws and the administrative policies and assessing practices of the Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") respecting the treatment of mutual fund trusts, specified investment flow-through trusts or an investment in a non-resident trust will not be changed in a manner that adversely affects the Brompton ETF or the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF. Certain legal and regulatory changes could make it more difficult, if not impossible, for the Brompton ETF to operate or achieve its investment objectives. If legal and regulatory changes occur, such changes could have a negative effect upon the value of the units of the Brompton ETF and upon investment opportunities available to the Brompton ETF.

Tax-Related Risks

It is assumed that the Brompton ETF will qualify, or will be deemed to qualify, at all times as a "mutual fund trust" within the meaning of the Tax Act. For the Brompton ETF to qualify as a "mutual fund trust", it must comply on a continuous basis with certain requirements relating to the qualification of its Units for distribution to the public, the number of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF and the dispersal of ownership of a particular class of its Units. The Brompton ETF filed an election to qualify as a mutual fund trust from its inception.

A trust will be deemed not to be a mutual fund trust if it is established or maintained primarily for the benefit of nonresidents of Canada unless, at that time, all or substantially all of its property is property other than property that would be "taxable Canadian property" (if the definition of such term in the Tax Act were read without reference to paragraph (b) thereof). The law does not provide any means of rectifying a loss of mutual fund trust status if this requirement is not met.

The Brompton ETF contains a restriction on the number of permitted non-resident Unitholders.

If the Brompton ETF does not qualify as a mutual fund trust or were to cease to so qualify, the income tax considerations as described under "Income Tax Considerations" would in some respects be materially different. For example, if the Brompton ETF does not qualify as a "mutual fund trust" within the meaning of the Tax Act throughout a taxation year, the Brompton ETF may be liable to pay alternative minimum tax, tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act, and would not be entitled to the Capital Gains Refund (as defined herein) available to mutual fund trusts. In addition, if the Brompton ETF does not qualify as a mutual fund trust, it may be subject to the "mark-to-market" rules under the Tax Act if more than 50% of the fair market value of the Units of the Brompton ETF are held by "financial institutions", within the meaning of the Tax Act.

The tax treatment of gains and losses realized by the Brompton ETF will depend on whether such gains or losses are treated as being on income or capital account, as described in this paragraph. In determining its income for tax purposes, the Brompton ETF will treat gains or losses realized on the disposition of portfolio securities held by it as capital gains and losses. In general, gains and losses realized by the Brompton ETF from derivative transactions will be on income account except where such derivatives are used to hedge portfolio securities held on capital account provided there is sufficient linkage. The Brompton ETF intends to take the position that gains or losses in respect of foreign currency hedges entered into in respect of amounts invested in its portfolio will constitute capital gains and capital losses to the Brompton ETF if the portfolio securities are capital property to the Brompton ETF and there is sufficient linkage. Designations with respect to the Brompton ETF's income and capital gains will be made and reported to Unitholders on the foregoing basis. The CRA's practice is not to grant advance income tax rulings on the characterization of items as capital gains or income and no advance income tax ruling has been requested or obtained. If these foregoing dispositions or transactions of the Brompton ETF are determined not to be on capital account, the net income of the Brompton ETF for tax purposes and the taxable component of distributions to its Unitholders could increase. Any such redetermination by the CRA may result in the Brompton ETF being liable for unremitted withholding taxes on prior distributions made to its Unitholders who were not resident in Canada for purposes of the Tax Act at the time of the distribution. Such potential liability may reduce the NAV and NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF.

Pursuant to rules in the Tax Act, the Brompton ETF that experiences a "loss restriction event" within the meaning of the

Tax Act (i) will be deemed to have a year-end for tax purposes (which would result in an unscheduled distribution of the Brompton ETF's net income and net realized capital gains, if any, at such time to Unitholders so that the Brompton ETF is not liable for income tax on such amounts under Part I of the Tax Act), and (ii) will become subject to the loss restriction rules generally applicable to a corporation that experiences an acquisition of control, including a deemed realization of any unrealized capital losses and restrictions on its ability to carry forward losses. Generally, the Brompton ETF will be subject to a loss restriction event if a Unitholder becomes a "majority-interest beneficiary", or a group of persons becomes a "majority-interest group of beneficiaries", of the Brompton ETF, as those terms are defined in the affiliated persons rules contained in the Tax Act, with certain modifications. Generally, a majority-interest beneficiary of the Brompton ETF is a beneficiary in the income or capital, as the case may be, of the Brompton ETF whose beneficial interests, together with the beneficial interests of persons and partnerships with whom the beneficiary is affiliated, have a fair market value that is greater than 50% of the fair market value of all the interests in the income or capital, as the case may be, of the Brompton ETF. See "Income Tax Considerations - Taxation of Holders" for the tax consequences of an unscheduled or other distribution to Unitholders. Trusts that qualify as "investment funds" as defined in the rules in the Tax Act relating to loss restriction events are generally excepted from the application of such rules. An "investment fund" for this purpose includes a trust that meets certain conditions, including satisfying certain of the conditions necessary to qualify as a "mutual fund trust" for purposes of the Tax Act, not holding any property that it uses in the course of carrying on a business and complying with certain asset diversification requirements. If the Brompton ETF were not to qualify as an "investment fund", it could potentially have a loss restriction event and thereby become subject to the related tax consequences described above.

The Tax Act contains rules (the "SIFT Rules") concerning the taxation of publicly traded Canadian trusts and partnerships that own certain types of property defined as "non-portfolio property". A trust that is subject to these rules is subject to trust level taxation, at rates comparable to those that apply to corporations, on the trust's income earned from "non-portfolio property" to the extent that such income is distributed to its Unitholders. If the Brompton ETF is subject to tax under the SIFT Rules, the after-tax return to its Unitholders could be reduced, particularly in the case of a Unitholder who is exempt from tax under the Tax Act or is a non-resident of Canada.

The Brompton ETF may invest in global debt and equity securities. Many foreign countries preserve their right under domestic tax laws and applicable tax conventions with respect to taxes on income and on capital ("Tax Treaties") to impose tax on interest, dividends or distributions paid or credited to persons who are not resident in such countries. While the Brompton ETF intends to make investments in such a manner as to minimize the amount of foreign taxes incurred under foreign tax laws and subject to any applicable Tax Treaties, investments in global debt and equity securities may subject the Brompton ETF to foreign taxes on interest, dividends or distributions paid or credited to them or any gains realized on the disposition of such securities. Any foreign taxes incurred by the Brompton ETF will generally reduce the value of its portfolio. To the extent that such foreign tax paid by the Brompton ETF exceeds 15% of the amount included in the Brompton ETF's income from such investments, such excess may generally be deducted by the Brompton ETF in computing its net income for the purposes of the Tax Act. To the extent that foreign tax paid does not exceed 15% of the amount included in the Brompton ETF's income from such investments and has not been deducted in computing the Brompton ETF's income and the Brompton ETF designates its income from a foreign source in respect of a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF, the Unitholder will, for the purposes of computing its foreign tax credits, be entitled to treat the Unitholder's proportionate share of foreign taxes paid by the Brompton ETF in respect of such income as foreign taxes paid by the Unitholder. The availability of foreign tax credits to a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF is subject to the detailed rules in the Tax Act.

Corresponding Net Asset Value Risk

Similar to other exchange traded funds, the closing trading price of the Units of the Brompton ETF may be different from its NAV. As a result, Dealers may be able to acquire or redeem a PNU at a discount or a premium to the closing trading price per Unit on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) or other stock exchange on which such Units trade. Such price differences may be due, in large part, to supply and demand factors in the secondary trading market for Units of the Brompton ETF being similar, but not identical, to the same forces influencing the price of the underlying securities of the Brompton ETF at any point in time. As the Designated Broker and Dealers may subscribe for or redeem a PNU at the NAV per Unit, the Manager expects that large discounts or premiums to the NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF will not be sustained.

Designated Broker/Dealer Risk

As the Brompton ETF will only issue Units directly to the Designated Broker and Dealers, in the event that a purchasing Designated Broker or Dealer is unable to meet its settlement obligations, any resulting costs and losses incurred will be borne by the Brompton ETF.

Fund of Funds Investment Risk

The Brompton ETF may invest in other exchange traded funds, mutual funds, closed-end funds or public investment funds as part of its investment strategy. If the Brompton ETF invests in such underlying funds, its investment performance will depend on the investment performance of the underlying funds in which it invests. Additionally, if an underlying fund suspends redemptions, the Brompton ETF may be unable to accurately value part of its investment portfolio and may be unable to redeem its Units. Underlying funds in which the Brompton ETF may invest can be expected to incur fees and expenses for operations, such as investment advisory and administration fees, which would be in addition to those incurred by the Brompton ETF.

Investment in ETFs Risk

The Brompton ETF may invest in exchange traded funds that seek to provide returns similar to the performance of a particular market index or industry sector index. Any such exchange traded fund may not achieve the same return as its benchmark market or industry sector index due to differences in the actual weightings of securities held in the exchange traded fund versus the weightings in the relevant index and due to the operating and administrative expenses of the exchange traded fund. For example, exchange traded funds incur a number of operating expenses not applicable to the underlying index, and incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the exchange traded funds' securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the underlying index.

Absence of an Active Market for the Units Risk

Although the Units of the Brompton ETF will (subject to satisfying certain requirements of the TSX) continue to be listed on the TSX following the Conversion, there can be no assurance that an active public market for the Units of the Brompton ETF will be sustained.

Multi-Class Structure Risk

The Units of the Brompton ETF are available in multiple classes. If the Brompton ETF cannot pay the expenses or satisfy the obligations entered into by the Brompton ETF for the sole benefit of one of the classes of its Units using that class of Units' proportionate share of the assets, the Brompton ETF may have to pay those expenses or satisfy those obligations out of another class of Units' proportionate share of the assets, which would lower the investment return of such other class of Units. In addition, a creditor of an exchange traded fund may seek to satisfy its claim from the assets of an exchange traded fund as a whole, even though its claim or claims relate only to a particular class of Units of the Brompton ETF.

Cease Trading of Securities Risk

If the securities of an issuer included in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF are cease-traded by order of the relevant securities regulatory authority or are halted from trading by the relevant stock exchange, the Brompton ETF may halt trading in its securities. Accordingly, securities of the Brompton ETF bear the risk of cease-trading orders against all issuers whose securities are included in its portfolio, not just one. If portfolio securities of the Brompton ETF are cease-traded by order of a securities regulatory authority, if normal trading of such securities is suspended on the relevant exchange, or if for any reason it is likely there will be no closing bid price for such securities, the Brompton ETF may suspend the right to redeem securities for cash, subject to any required prior regulatory approval. If the right to redeem securities for cash is suspended, the Brompton ETF may return redemption requests to securityholders who have submitted them. If securities are cease-traded, they may not be delivered on an exchange of a PNU for a Basket of Securities until such time as the cease-trade order is lifted.

Exchange Risk

In the event that the TSX or any stock exchange on which the Units of the Brompton ETF are listed closes early or unexpectedly on any day that it is normally open for trading, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be unable to purchase

or sell Units on the TSX or such other stock exchange until it reopens and there is a possibility that, at the same time and for the same reason, the exchange and redemption of Units may be suspended until the TSX or such other stock exchange reopens.

Early Closing Risk

Unanticipated early closings of a stock exchange on which securities held by the Brompton ETF are listed may result in the Brompton ETF being unable to sell or buy securities on that day. If the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the securities held by the Brompton ETF may be traded) closes early on a day when the Brompton ETF needs to execute a high volume of securities trades late in the Trading Day, the Brompton ETF may incur substantial trading losses.

Counterparty Risk Associated with Securities Lending

The Brompton ETF is authorized to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions in accordance with NI 81-102. In a securities lending transaction, the Brompton ETF lends its portfolio securities through an authorized agent to another party (often called a "**Counterparty**") and receives a negotiated fee and a required percentage of acceptable collateral (equal to or greater than 102%). The following are some examples of the risks associated with securities lending transactions:

- when entering into securities lending transactions, the Brompton ETF is subject to the credit risk that the Counterparty may default under the agreement and the Brompton ETF would be forced to make a claim in order to recover its security, or its equivalent value;
- when recovering its security on default, the Brompton ETF could incur a loss if the value of the portfolio securities loaned (in a securities lending transaction) or sold (in a repurchase transaction) has increased in value relative to the value of the collateral held by the Brompton ETF; and
- similarly, the Brompton ETF could incur a loss if the value of the portfolio securities it has purchased (in a reverse repurchase transaction) decreases below the amount of cash paid by the Brompton ETF to the Counterparty.

The Brompton ETF may engage in securities lending from time to time. When engaging in securities lending, the Brompton ETF will receive collateral in excess of the value of the securities loaned, and although such collateral is marked to market, the Brompton ETF may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligations to return the borrowed securities and the collateral is insufficient to reconstitute the portfolio of loaned securities.

Duration Risk

Duration is the sensitivity, expressed in years, of the price of a fixed-income security to changes in the general level of interest rates (or yields). Securities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to interest rate (or yield) changes than securities with shorter durations. Duration differs from maturity in that it considers potential changes to interest rates, and a security's coupon payments, yield, price and par value and call features, in addition to the amount of time until the security matures. The duration of a security will be expected to change over time with changes in market factors and time to maturity.

General Risks of Equity Investments

Holders of equity securities of an issuer incur more risk than holders of debt obligations of such issuer because shareholders, as owners of such issuer, have generally inferior rights to receive payments from such issuer in comparison with the rights of creditors of, or holders of debt obligations issued by, such issuer. Further, unlike debt securities, which typically have a stated principal amount payable at maturity (whose value, however, will be subject to market fluctuations prior thereto), equity securities have neither a fixed principal amount nor a maturity.

Distributions on the Units will generally depend upon the declaration of dividends or distributions on the securities in the Brompton ETF's portfolio. The declaration of such dividends or distributions generally depends upon various factors, including the financial condition of the issuers included in the Brompton ETF's portfolio and general economic conditions. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the issuers included in the Brompton ETF's portfolio will pay dividends or distributions on portfolio securities.

General Risks of Foreign Investments

The Brompton ETF may invest, directly or indirectly, in foreign equity securities. In addition to the general risks associated with equity investments, investments in foreign securities may involve unique risks not typically associated with investing in Canada. Foreign exchanges may be open on days when the Brompton ETF does not price its securities and, therefore, the value of the securities traded on such exchanges may change on days when investors are not able to purchase or sell Units. Information about corporations not subject to Canadian reporting requirements may not be complete, may not reflect the extensive accounting or auditing standards required in Canada and may not be subject to the same level of government supervision or regulation as would be the case in Canada.

Some foreign securities markets may be volatile or lack liquidity and some foreign markets may have higher transaction and custody costs and delays in attendant settlement procedures. In some countries, there may be difficulties in enforcing contractual obligations and investments could be affected by political instability, social instability, expropriation or confiscatory taxation.

In the case of the Brompton ETF holding foreign securities, whether directly or indirectly, dividends or distributions on those foreign securities may be subject to withholding taxes.

Large-Capitalization Issuer Risk

The Brompton ETF may invest a relatively large percentage of its assets in the securities of large-capitalization companies. As a result, the performance of the Brompton ETF may be adversely affected if securities of large-capitalization companies underperform securities of smaller-capitalization companies or the market as a whole. The securities of large-capitalization companies may be relatively mature compared to smaller companies and therefore subject to slower growth during times of economic expansion.

Sensitivity to Interest Rates

The market price of the Units of the Brompton ETF may be affected by the level of interest rates prevailing from time to time. Changes in short-term interest rates will directly affect the yield on the floating rate assets owned by the Brompton ETF. If short-term interest rates fall, the yield on such assets will also fall. Also, to the extent that credit spreads experience a general increase, the value of the Brompton ETF's existing floating rate assets may decrease, which will cause the NAV of the Brompton ETF to decrease. Conversely, when short-term interest rates rise, the impact of such rising rates on the NAV of the Brompton ETF may be delayed to the extent that there is a delay between such changes in short-term rates and the resetting of the floating rates on the Brompton ETF's floating rate assets.

Traditional fixed-income securities have risk associated with their market value, but not their coupon payments as interest rates change, while floating-rate bonds have risk associated with their coupon payments, but not their market value as interest rates change, all else equal.

Changes in interest rates may also affect the value of dividend paying equity securities and preferred shares, which may experience a drop in market value as interest rates go up, and an increase in market value as interest rates go down, all else equal.

In addition, any decrease in the NAV of the Brompton ETF resulting from a change in interest rates may also negatively affect the market price of the Units of the Brompton ETF. Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will therefore be exposed to the risk that the NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF or the market price of such Units may be negatively affected by interest rate fluctuations.

Underlying Fund Risk

The securities that the Brompton ETF invests in, whether directly or indirectly, may trade below, at or above their respective net asset values per security. The net asset value per security will fluctuate with changes in the market value of that investment fund's holdings. The trading prices of the securities of those investment funds will fluctuate in accordance with changes in the applicable fund's net asset value per security, as well as market supply and demand on the stock exchanges on which those funds are listed.

If the Brompton ETF purchases a security of an underlying investment fund at a time when the market price of that security is at a premium to the net asset value per security or sells a security at a time when the market price of that security is at a discount to the net asset value per security, the Brompton ETF may sustain a loss.

Cybersecurity Risk

The information and technology systems of Brompton Funds, the key service providers of the Brompton ETF (including Sub-advisor, custodian, registrar and transfer agent, valuation services provider and securities lending agent of the Brompton ETF) and the issuers of securities in which the Brompton ETF invests may be vulnerable to cybersecurity risks from a cybersecurity incident such as potential damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunications failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons (e.g. through hacking or malicious software) and general security breaches. A cybersecurity incident is an adverse intentional or unintentional action or event that threatens the integrity, confidentiality or availability of the Brompton ETF's information resources.

A cybersecurity incident may disrupt business operations or result in the theft of confidential or sensitive information, including personal information, or may cause system failures, disrupt business operations or require Brompton Funds or a service provider to make a significant investment to fix, replace or remedy the effects of such incident. Furthermore, a cybersecurity incident could cause disruptions and negatively impact the Brompton ETF's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to the Brompton ETF and its Unitholders. There is no guarantee that the Brompton ETF or Brompton Funds will not suffer material losses as a result of cybersecurity incidents. If they occur, such losses could materially adversely impact the Brompton ETF's NAV.

Market Volatility Risk

Market prices of investments held by the Brompton ETF will go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. The Brompton ETF's investments are subject to changes in general market conditions, market fluctuations and risks inherent in investment in securities markets. Securities markets can be volatile and prices of investments can change substantially due to various factors including, but not limited to, economic growth or recession, changes in interest rates, changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness of issuers and general market liquidity. Even if general economic conditions do not change, the value of an investment in the Brompton ETF could decline if the particular industries, sectors or companies in which the Brompton ETF invests do not perform well or are adversely affected by certain events. In addition, legal, political, regulatory and tax changes may also cause fluctuations in markets and the price of securities. Certain market conditions, volatility or illiquidity in capital markets may also adversely affect the prospects of the Brompton ETF and the value of its portfolio. A substantial decline in the North American or global equities markets could be expected to have a negative effect on the Brompton ETF and the market price of the Units.

No Assurances on Achieving the Investment Objectives or Making Distributions Risk

There is no assurance that the Brompton ETF will be able to achieve its investment objectives. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the Brompton ETF will be able to pay distributions in the short or long term, nor is there any assurance that the NAV of the Brompton ETF will appreciate or be preserved. It is possible that, due to declines in the market value of the assets in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF, the Brompton ETF will have insufficient assets to achieve its investment objectives or to pay distributions.

Market Disruptions Risk

War and occupation, terrorism and related geopolitical risks or other factors including global health risks or epidemics/pandemics may lead to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets generally. Such events could also have an acute effect on individual issuers or related groups of issuers. The outbreak of the respiratory disease designated as COVID-19 has caused increased volatility and disruptions in global financial markets. The economic impact of COVID-19 may be short-term or may last for an extended period of time and, in either case, could result in a substantial downturn or recession. These risks could also adversely affect securities markets, inflation and other factors relating to the securities held in the Brompton ETF's portfolio.

Loss of Investment and No Guaranteed Return Risk

An investment in the Brompton ETF is appropriate only for investors who have the capacity to absorb investment losses. There is no guarantee that an investment in the Brompton ETF will earn any positive return in the short or long term.

Not a Trust Company Risk

The Brompton ETF is not a trust company and, accordingly, is not registered under the trust company legislation of any jurisdiction. Units are not "deposits" within the meaning of the *Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act* and are not insured under the provisions of that Act or any other legislation.

Nature of Units Risk

The Units are neither fixed income nor equity securities. The Units represent a fractional interest in the net assets of the Brompton ETF. Units are dissimilar to debt instruments in that there is no principal amount owing to Unitholders. Unitholders will not have the statutory rights normally associated with ownership of shares of a corporation including, for example, the right to bring "oppression" or "derivative" actions. An investment in Units of the Brompton ETF does not constitute an investment by Unitholders in the portfolio securities of the Brompton ETF. Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will not own the securities held by the Brompton ETF.

USD Units Risk

A redeeming holder of USD Units will receive any cash amount to which the Unitholder is entitled in connection with the redemption in U.S. dollars and will be exposed to the risk that the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and any other currency in which the Unitholder generally operates will result in a lesser or greater redemption amount than the Unitholder would have received if the redemption amount had been calculated and delivered in another currency. In addition, because any cash redemption proceeds will be delivered in U.S. dollars, the redeeming Unitholder may be required to open or maintain an account that can receive deposits in U.S. dollars.

Risks Related to Investment Focused in a Specific Region

The Brompton ETF invests primarily in securities of North American issuers which may be more volatile than a more geographically diversified fund and will be strongly affected by the overall economic performance of North America. The Brompton ETF must continue to follow its investment objectives regardless of the economic performance of North America.

Preferred, Contingent Capital and Other Subordinated Securities Risk

Preferred, contingent capital and other subordinated securities rank lower than bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore are subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. Distributions on some types of these securities may also be skipped or deferred by issuers without causing a default. Finally, some of these securities typically have special redemption rights that allow the issuer to redeem the security at par earlier than scheduled. If this occurs, the Brompton ETF may be forced to reinvest in lower yielding securities. There are various risks associated with investing in these types of securities, including:

- <u>Deferral and Omission Risk</u> The securities may include provisions that permit the issuer, at its discretion, to defer or omit distributions for a stated period without any adverse consequences to the issuer. In certain cases, deferring or omitting distributions may be mandatory. If the Brompton ETF owns a security for which distributions are deferred, the Brompton ETF may be required to report income for tax purposes although it has not yet received such income. In addition, recent changes in bank regulations may increase the likelihood for issuers to defer or omit distributions.
- <u>Call, Reinvestment and Income Risk</u> During periods of declining interest rates, an issuer may be able to exercise an option to redeem its issue at par earlier than scheduled, which is generally known as call risk. If this occurs, the Brompton ETF may be forced to reinvest in lower yielding securities. This is known as reinvestment risk. Preferred securities and contingent capital securities frequently have call features that allow the issuer to repurchase the security prior to its stated maturity. An issuer may redeem these securities if the issuer can refinance the securities at a lower cost due to declining interest rates or an improvement in the credit standing of the issuer or in the event

of regulatory changes affecting the capital treatment of a security. Another risk associated with a declining interest rate environment is that the income from the Brompton ETF's portfolio may decline over time when the Brompton ETF invests the proceeds from new share sales, if any, at market rates that are below the portfolio's current earnings rate.

- <u>Limited Voting Rights Risk -</u> Generally, traditional preferred securities offer no voting rights with respect to the issuer unless preferred dividends have been in arrears for a specified number of periods, at which time the preferred security holders may have the ability to elect a number of directors to the issuer's board. Generally, once all the arrearages have been paid, the preferred security holders no longer have voting rights. Hybrid-preferred security and contingent capital security holders generally have no voting rights.
- <u>Special Redemption Rights</u> In certain varying circumstances, an issuer may redeem the securities prior to their scheduled call or maturity date. For instance, a redemption may be triggered by a change in U.S. federal income tax or securities laws. As with call provisions, a redemption by the issuer may negatively impact the return of the security held by the Brompton ETF.
- <u>New Types of Securities</u> From time to time, securities have been, and may in the future be, offered having features other than those described herein. The Brompton ETF reserves the right to invest in these securities if the Sub-Advisor believes that doing so would be consistent with the Brompton ETF's investment objective and policies. Since the market for these instruments would be new, the Brompton ETF may have difficulty disposing of them at a suitable price and time. In addition to limited liquidity and high price volatility risks, these instruments may present other risks that are consistent with the risks disclosed in this prospectus.

Risks Relating to the Residency of the Sub-advisor

The Sub-advisor is resident outside Canada and all or a substantial portion of its assets are located outside Canada. As a result, anyone seeking to enforce legal rights against it may find it difficult to do so.

DISTRIBUTION POLICY

Cash distributions on Units of the Brompton ETF will be made in the currency in which the Units of the Brompton ETF are denominated. Cash distributions of income, if any, on Units will be payable monthly by the Brompton ETF. The Brompton ETF does not have a fixed distribution amount. The amount of ordinary cash distributions, if any, will be set at the Manager's sole discretion and may be based on the Manager's assessment of the prevailing market conditions, the Brompton ETF's ability to generate sufficient levels of distributable cash and any other factors that the Manager, in its sole discretion, may deem relevant. The date of any cash distribution of the Brompton ETF will be announced in advance by issuance of a press release. Subject to compliance with the investment objectives of the Brompton ETF, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, change the frequency of these distributions and any such change will be announced by issuance of a press release.

Depending on the underlying investments of the Brompton ETF, distributions on Units may consist of ordinary income, including foreign source income and taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations, sourced from dividends, distributions or interest received by the Brompton ETF but may also include Net Realized Capital Gains, in any case, less the expenses of the Brompton ETF and may include returns of capital.

If, for any taxation year, after the ordinary distributions, there would remain in the Brompton ETF additional net income or Net Realized Capital Gains, the Brompton ETF will, on or before December 31 of that calendar year, be required to pay or make payable such net income and Net Realized Capital Gains as one or more special year-end distributions to Unitholders as is necessary to ensure that the Brompton ETF will not be liable for income tax on such amounts under Part I of the Tax Act (after taking into account all available deductions, credits and refunds). Such special distributions may be paid in the form of Units of the Brompton ETF and/or cash. Any special distributions payable in Units of the Brompton ETF will increase the aggregate adjusted cost base of a Unitholder's Units. Immediately following payment of such a special distribution in Units, the number of Units held by a Unitholder will be automatically consolidated such that the number of Units of the applicable class held by the Unitholder after such distribution will be equal to the number of Units of the applicable class held by such Unitholder immediately prior to such distribution, except in the case of a non-resident Unitholder to the extent tax is required to be withheld in respect of the distribution.

The tax treatment to Unitholders of distributions is discussed under the heading "Income Tax Considerations".

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

The Brompton ETF has adopted a Reinvestment Plan in respect of CAD Units of the Brompton ETF. All distributions after the Conversion Date on the CAD Units by the Brompton ETF shall be automatically reinvested on each Unitholder's behalf, at the election of each such Unitholder, pursuant to the Reinvestment Plan in accordance with the provisions of the Reinvestment Plan Agency Agreement. Cash distributions on the USD Units are not currently eligible for reinvestment under the Reinvestment Plan. Notwithstanding the Reinvestment Plan, all distributions payable in respect of Units to nonresident Unitholders will be paid in cash and will not be reinvested.

Distributions due to the Plan Participants shall be applied, on behalf of Plan Participants, to purchase additional CAD Units of the Brompton ETF. Such purchases will be made in the market. Purchases in the market will be made by the Plan Agent on an orderly basis during the ten trading day period following the relevant Distribution Date.

If the CAD Units are thinly traded, purchases in the market under the Reinvestment Plan may significantly affect the market price. Depending on market conditions, direct reinvestment of cash distributions by Unitholders in the market may be more, or less, advantageous than the reinvestment arrangements under the Reinvestment Plan. The CAD Units of the Brompton ETF purchased in the market will be allocated on a pro rata basis to the Plan Participants of the Brompton ETF. The Plan Agent's charges for administering the Reinvestment Plan and all brokerage fees and commissions in connection with purchases in the market pursuant to the Reinvestment Plan will be paid by the Brompton ETF. The automatic reinvestment of distributions under the Reinvestment Plan will not relieve participants of any income tax applicable to those distributions. See "Income Tax Considerations".

A Unitholder may elect to participate in a Reinvestment Plan by giving notice of the Unitholder's decision to become a Plan Participant for the relevant Record Date (as defined below) to the Unitholder's CDS Participant in accordance with such CDS Participant's customary procedures. The CDS Participant must, on behalf of such Plan Participant, provide notice to the Plan Agent through the CDS System (commonly known as CDSX) no later than 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on the last business day of the calendar month (the "**Record Date**"). Unless the Plan Agent has provided written notice of a Unitholder's intention to participate in a Reinvestment Plan in such manner, distributions to Unitholders will be made in cash. The Manager may also amend, modify or suspend the Reinvestment Plan at any time in its sole discretion, provided that it gives notice of that amendment, modification or suspension to the applicable Plan Participants via the CDS Participants through which the Plan Participants hold their CAD Units, and through the Plan Agent. The Brompton ETF is not required to issue CAD Units to Unitholders in any jurisdiction where that issuance would be illegal.

PURCHASES OF UNITS

Continuous Distribution

Units of the Brompton ETF are being issued and sold on a continuous basis and there is no maximum number of Units that may be issued. The Units of the Brompton ETF will be offered for sale at a price equal to the NAV per Unit of the applicable class of Units of the Brompton ETF determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of a subscription order. As an exchange traded fund, the Brompton ETF will issue Units directly to a Designated Broker and Dealers. From time to time, and as may be agreed between the Brompton ETF and the Dealers and the Designated Broker, such Dealers and the Designated Broker may deliver a Basket of Securities (i.e., a group of securities and/or assets determined by the Manager from time to time representing the constituents of the Brompton ETF), and/or cash as payment for Units of the Brompton ETF.

Future Issuance of Units

The Manager may amend the Declaration of Trust from time to time to redesignate the name of the Brompton ETF or to create a new class or series of units of the Brompton ETF without notice to existing Unitholders, unless such amendment in some way affects the existing Unitholders' rights or the value of their investment.

All rights attached to the Units may only be modified, amended or varied in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust.

Designated Broker and Dealers

Generally, all orders to purchase Units directly from the Brompton ETF must be placed by the Designated Broker or a Dealer. The Brompton ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by the Designated Broker or a Dealer. No fees will be payable by the Brompton ETF to the Designated Broker or a Dealer in connection with the issuance of Units. On the issuance of Units, an amount may be charged to the Designated Broker or a Dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the Units.

The Manager, on behalf of the Brompton ETF, will enter into a designated broker agreement with a Designated Broker pursuant to which the Designated Broker will agree to perform certain duties relating to the Units including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of Units to satisfy the TSX's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for Units on an ongoing basis in connection with the rebalancing of and adjustments to the portfolio of the Brompton ETF; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of Units of the Brompton ETF on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded). The Manager may, in its discretion from time to time, cause the Brompton ETF to reimburse the Designated Broker for certain expenses incurred by the Designated Broker in performing these duties.

On any Trading Day, a Dealer (who may also be the Designated Broker) may place a subscription order for a PNU (and any additional multiple thereof) of the Brompton ETF. If a subscription order is received by the Brompton ETF by the applicable cut-off time on a Trading Day, the Brompton ETF will issue to the Dealer a PNU (and any additional multiple thereof) based on the NAV per Unit determined on the applicable Trading Day, which, in the Manager's discretion, may be the same or the next Trading Day.

For each PNU issued, a Dealer must deliver payment consisting of, in the Manager's discretion: (i) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per Unit of the PNU next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) one Basket of Securities and cash in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and the cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per Unit of the PNU next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by the Manager, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per Unit of the PNU next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by the Manager, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the subscription order.

The Manager may, in its complete discretion, charge a Cash Creation Fee in connection with cash-only payments for subscriptions of a PNU, representing, as applicable, brokerage expenses, commissions, transaction costs and other costs or expenses that the Brompton ETF incurs or expects to incur in purchasing securities on the market with such cash proceeds.

The Cash Creation Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager. The Cash Creation Fee, if any, will accrue to the Brompton ETF.

The Manager may from time to time, require the Designated Broker to subscribe for Units of the Brompton ETF for cash in such amount as may be agreed to by the Manager and the Designated Broker. The number of Units of the Brompton ETF issued will be the subscription amount divided by the NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF on the subscription date following the delivery by the Manager of a subscription notice to the Designated Broker. Payment for the Units of the Brompton ETF must be made by the Designated Broker by no later than the second Trading Day after the subscription date.

The Manager may publish, except when circumstances prevent it from doing so, the applicable PNU for the Brompton ETF on each Trading Day on its website, at www.bromptongroup.com. The Manager may, at its discretion, increase or decrease the applicable PNU from time to time.

To Unitholders of the Brompton ETF as Distributions Paid in Units

In addition to the issuance of Units of the Brompton ETF as described above, distributions may be made by way of the issuance of Units of the Brompton ETF and Units of the Brompton ETF may be issued to Unitholders of the Brompton ETF on the automatic reinvestment of certain distributions pursuant to a distribution reinvestment plan in accordance with the distribution policy of the Brompton ETF. See "Distribution Policy".

Buying and Selling Units of the Brompton ETF

The outstanding units of the Brompton ETF will be redesignated as "CAD Units" in connection with the Conversion and subject to satisfying certain requirements of the TSX will be listed for trading on the TSX. An investor will be able to

buy or sell CAD Units on the TSX on and after the Conversion Date through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides.

The USD Units of the Brompton ETF have been conditionally approved for listing on the TSX. Subject to satisfying the TSX's original listing requirements in respect of the USD Units on or before October 12, 2022, the USD Units of the Brompton ETF will be listed for trading on the TSX and offered on a continuous basis, and an investor will be able to buy or sell USD Units on the TSX through registered brokers and dealers in the province or territory where the investor resides.

Investors may incur customary brokerage commissions in buying or selling Units of the Brompton ETF. All orders to purchase Units directly from the Brompton ETF must be placed by Designated Brokers or Dealers.

No fees are paid by a Unitholder to the Manager or the Brompton ETF in connection with buying or selling of Units on the TSX.

Special Considerations for Unitholders

The "early warning" reporting requirements do not apply in connection with the ownership or control of securities issued by a mutual fund such as Units of the Brompton ETF. In addition, the Brompton ETF has obtained exemptive relief from the securities regulatory authorities to permit a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF to acquire more than 20% of the Units of a class of the Brompton ETF through purchases on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) without regard to the takeover bid requirements of applicable Canadian Securities Legislation.

Special Circumstances

Units may also be issued by the Brompton ETF to the Designated Broker in a number of special circumstances, including the following: (i) when the Manager has determined that the Brompton ETF should acquire portfolio securities; and (ii) when cash redemptions of Units occur as described below under "Redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF for Cash", or the Brompton ETF otherwise has cash that the Manager wants to invest.

Non-Resident Unitholders

In order for the Brompton ETF to qualify and/or maintain its status as a mutual fund trust (for the purposes of the Tax Act), except in certain circumstances, the Brompton ETF cannot be established or maintained primarily for the benefit of nonresidents of Canada. At no time may (i) non-residents of Canada, (ii) partnerships that are not Canadian partnerships or (iii) a combination of non-residents of Canada and such partnerships (all as defined in the Tax Act) be the beneficial owners of a majority of the Units of the Brompton ETF (on either a number of Units or fair market value basis) and the Manager shall inform the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Brompton ETF of this restriction. The Manager may require declarations as to the jurisdictions in which a beneficial owner of Units is resident and, if a partnership, its status as a Canadian partnership. If the Manager becomes aware, as a result of requiring such declarations as to beneficial ownership or otherwise, that the beneficial owners of 40% of the Units of the Brompton ETF then outstanding (on either a number of Units or fair market value basis) are, or may be, non-residents and/or partnerships that are not Canadian partnerships, or that such a situation is imminent, the Manager may make a public announcement thereof. If the Manager determines that more than 40% of the Units of the Brompton ETF (on either a number of Units or fair market value basis) are beneficially held by non-residents and/or partnerships that are not Canadian partnerships, the Manager may send a notice to such nonresidents and/or partnerships, chosen in inverse order to the order of acquisition or in such manner as the Manager may consider equitable and practicable, requiring them to sell their Units or a portion thereof within a specified period of not less than 30 days. If the Unitholders receiving such notice have not sold the specified number of Units or provided the Manager with satisfactory evidence that they are not non-residents or partnerships other than Canadian partnerships within such period, the Manager may on behalf of such Unitholders sell such Units and, in the interim, shall suspend the voting and distribution rights attached to such Units. Upon such sale, the affected holders shall cease to be beneficial holders of Units and their rights shall be limited to receiving the net proceeds of sale of such Units.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Manager may determine not to take any of the actions described above if the Manager has been advised by legal counsel that the failure to take any of such actions would not adversely impact the status of the Brompton ETF as a mutual fund trust for purposes of the Tax Act or, alternatively, may take such other action or actions

as may be necessary to maintain the status of the Brompton ETF as a mutual fund trust for purposes of the Tax Act.

EXCHANGE AND REDEMPTION OF UNITS

Exchange of Units of the Brompton ETF at Net Asset Value per Unit for Baskets of Securities and/or Cash

Unitholders may exchange the applicable PNU (or an integral multiple PNU) of the Brompton ETF on any Trading Day for Baskets of Securities and cash, subject to the requirement that a minimum of one PNU be exchanged. To effect an exchange of Units, a Unitholder must submit an exchange request in the form and at the location prescribed by the Brompton ETF from time to time at or before a prescribed time (e.g. 9:00 a.m. (Toronto time)) on a Trading Day, or such other time prior to the Valuation Time on the effective date as the Manager may permit. The exchange price will be equal to the NAV of each PNU tendered for exchange determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the exchange request, payable by delivery of a Basket of Securities (constituted as most recently published prior to the effective date of the exchange request) and/or cash. The applicable Units will be redeemed in the exchange. The Manager will also make available to Dealers and the Designated Broker the applicable PNU to redeem Units on each Trading Day.

Upon the request of a Designated Broker or Dealer, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, satisfy an exchange request by delivering cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of each PNU tendered for exchange determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the exchange request, provided that the Designated Broker or Dealer agrees to pay a Cash Exchange Fee, if applicable.

The Cash Exchange Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager.

If an exchange request is not received by the applicable cut-off time, the exchange order will be effective only on the next Trading Day. Settlement of exchanges for Baskets of Securities and/or cash will generally be made by the second Trading Day after the effective date of the exchange request.

If any securities in which the Brompton ETF is invested are cease-traded at any time by order of Securities Regulatory Authority or other relevant regulator or stock exchange, the delivery of Baskets of Securities to a Unitholder, Dealer or the Designated Broker on an exchange in the PNU may be postponed until such time as the transfer of the Baskets of Securities is permitted by law.

As described under "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Registration and Transfer through CDS", registration of interests in, and transfers of, Units will be made only through the book based system of CDS. The redemption rights described below must be exercised through the CDS Participant through which the owner holds Units. Beneficial owners of Units should ensure that they provide redemption instructions to the CDS Participant through which they hold such Units sufficiently in advance of the cut-off times described below to allow such CDS Participant to notify CDS and for CDS to notify the Manager prior to the relevant cut-off time.

Redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF for Cash

On any Trading Day, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF may redeem (i) Units of the Brompton ETF for cash at a redemption price per Unit equal to the lesser of: (a) 95% of the closing price for the Units on the TSX (or any other exchange on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be listed) on the effective day of the redemption; and (b) the NAV per Unit, less any applicable redemption fee determined by the Manager, in its sole discretion, from time to time.Because Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will generally be able to sell Units of the Brompton ETF at the market price on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) through a registeredbroker or dealer subject only to customary brokerage commissions, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF are advised to consult their brokers, dealers or investment advisors before redeeming such Units for cash. No fees or expenses are paid by Unitholders of the Brompton ETF to the Manager or the Brompton ETF in connection with selling Units of the Brompton ETF on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).

In order for a cash redemption to be effective on a Trading Day, a cash redemption request with respect to the Brompton ETF must be delivered to the Manager in the form and at the location prescribed by the Managerfrom time to time at or before the applicable cut-off time on such Trading Day. Any cash redemption request received after such time will be effective only on the next Trading Day. Where possible, payment of the redemption price willbe made by no later than the second Trading

Day after the effective day of the redemption. Units will be redeemed in accordance with customary processes set out by the Designated Broker or CDS.

Unitholders that have delivered a redemption request prior to or on the Distribution Record Date for any distribution will not be entitled to receive that distribution.

In connection with the redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF, the Brompton ETF will generally dispose of securities or other financial instruments.

Suspension of Exchanges and Redemptions

The Manager may suspend the exchange or redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF or payment of redemption proceeds of the Brompton ETF: (i) during any period when normal trading is suspended on a stock exchange or other market on which securities owned by the Brompton ETF are listed and/or traded, if these securities represent more than 50% by value or underlying market exposure of the Total Assets of the Brompton ETF, without allowance for liabilities, and if these securities are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for the Brompton ETF; or (ii) with the prior permission of the Securities Regulatory Authorities where required, for any period not exceeding 30 days during which the Manager determines that conditions exist which render impractical the sale of assets of the Brompton ETF or which impair the ability of the Custodian to determine the value of the assets of the Brompton ETF. The suspension may apply to all requests for exchange or redemption received prior to the suspension but as to which payment has not been made, as well as to all requests received while the suspension is in effect. All Unitholders making such requests shall be advised by the Manager of the suspension and that the exchange or redemption will be effected at a price determined on the first Valuation Date following the termination of the suspension. All such Unitholders shall have and shall be advised that they have the right to withdraw their requests for exchange or redemption. The suspension shall terminate in any event on the first day on which the condition giving rise to the suspension has ceased to exist, provided that no other condition under which a suspension is authorized then exists. To the extent not inconsistent with official rules and regulations promulgated by any government body having jurisdiction over the Brompton ETF, any declaration of suspension made by the Manager shall be conclusive.

Cash Creation Fee

The Manager may, in its complete discretion, accept subscription proceeds consisting of (a) cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of the applicable PNU of the Brompton ETF determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the subscription order, plus (b) if applicable, the Cash Creation Fee.

The Cash Creation Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager. The Cash Creation Fee, if any, will accrue to the Brompton ETF.

Cash Exchange Fee

Upon the request of a Designated Broker or Dealer, the Manager may, in its complete discretion, satisfy an exchange request by delivering cash only in an amount equal to the NAV of each PNU tendered for exchange determined at the Valuation Time on the effective date of the exchange request, provided that the Designated Broker or Dealer agrees to pay the Cash Exchange Fee.

The Cash Exchange Fee, if any, applicable in respect of the Brompton ETF will be specified from time to time at the discretion of the Manager.

Administration Fee

An amount as may be agreed to between the Manager and the Designated Broker or a Dealer of the Brompton ETF may be charged to offset certain transaction costs associated with an issue, exchange or redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF. This charge does not apply to Unitholders who buy and sell their Units through the facilities of the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).

Redemption Fee

The Manager may, in its sole discretion, charge Unitholders of the Brompton ETF a redemption fee from time to time. This fee will be determined by the Manager.

Allocations of Capital Gains to Redeeming or Exchanging Unitholders

Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, the Brompton ETF may allocate and designate as payable any capital gains realized by the Brompton ETF as a result of any disposition of property of the Brompton ETF. In addition, the Brompton ETF has the authority to distribute, allocate and designate any capital gains of the Brompton ETF to a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF who has redeemed or exchanged Units during a year in an amount equal to the Unitholder's share, at the time of redemption or exchange, of the Brompton ETF's capital gains for the year. Any such allocations and designations will reduce the redemption price otherwise payable to the redeeming Unitholder.

However, effective for taxation years beginning on or after December 16, 2021, if the Brompton ETF is a mutual fund trust, the Brompton ETF will be denied a deduction for the portion of a capital gain designated to the Unitholder on a redemption or exchange of Units that is greater than the Unitholder's accrued gain on those Units, where the Unitholder's proceeds of disposition are reduced by the designation. See "Income Tax Considerations".

Registration and Transfer through CDS

Registration of interests in, and transfers of, Units of the Brompton ETF will be made only through CDS. Units must be purchased, transferred and surrendered for redemption only through a CDS Participant. All rights of an owner of Units must be exercised through, and all payments or other property to which such owner is entitled will be made or delivered by, CDS or the CDS Participant through which the owner holds such Units. Upon buying Units of the Brompton ETF, the owner will receive only the customary confirmation. References in this prospectus to a holder of Units means, unless the context otherwise requires, the owner of the beneficial interest of such Units.

Neither the Brompton ETF nor the Manager will have any liability for: (i) records maintained by CDS relating to the beneficial interests in Units or the book entry accounts maintained by CDS; (ii) maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests; or (iii) any advice or representation made or given by CDS and made or given with respect to the rules and regulations of CDS or any action taken by CDS or at the direction of the CDS Participants.

The ability of a beneficial owner of Units to pledge such Units or otherwise take action with respect to such owner's interest in such Units (other than through a CDS Participant) may be limited due to the lack of a physical certificate.

The Brompton ETF has the option to terminate registration of Units through the book-based system in which case certificates for Units in fully registered form will be issued to beneficial owners of such Units or to their nominees.

Short-Term Trading

Unlike conventional open-end mutual fund trusts in which short-term trading by investors may cause the mutual fund to incur additional unnecessary trading costs in connection with the purchase of additional portfolio securities and the sale of portfolio securities to fund Unitholder redemptions, the Manager does not believe that it is necessary to impose any short-term trading restrictions on the Brompton ETF at this time as: (i) the Brompton ETF will be an exchange traded fund that is primarily traded in the secondary market; and (ii) the few transactions involving Units of the Brompton ETF that do not occur on the secondary market involve the Designated Broker and/or Dealers, who can only purchase or redeem Units in a PNU and on whom the Manager may impose an administrative fee. The administrative fee is intended to compensate the Brompton ETF for any costs and expenses incurred by the Brompton ETF in order to fund the redemption.

PRICE RANGE AND TRADING VOLUME OF UNITS

The following table sets forth the market price range and trading volume of the CAD Units of the Brompton ETF, prior to the Conversion, on the TSX for the calendar periods indicated. Information is not yet available in respect of the USD Units of the Brompton ETF as no USD Units of the Brompton ETF had bene issued as of the date hereof.

	Price Range		
2021	Low	High	Volume
November 1 - 12	\$12.32	\$12.95	41,314
October	\$12.32	\$12.92	78,656
September	\$12.22	\$12.52	108,439
August	\$12.33	\$12.63	43,075
July	\$12.05	\$12.50	80,930
June	\$11.93	\$12.30	87,855
May	\$11.98	\$12.37	52,415
April	\$11.71	\$12.39	55,182
March	\$11.17	\$12.02	135,687
February	\$11.81	\$12.22	91,444
January	\$11.71	\$12.34	65,559
2020			
December	\$11.82	\$12.37	46,278
November	\$10.93	\$12.00	49,732

INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

In the opinion of Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP, the following is, as of the date hereof, a summary of the principal Canadian federal income tax considerations under the Tax Act generally applicable to the acquisition, holding and disposition of Units of the Brompton ETF by a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF who acquires Units of the Brompton ETF pursuant to this prospectus. This summary only applies to a prospective Unitholder of the Brompton ETF who is an individual (other than a trust) resident in Canada for purposes of the Tax Act who deals at arm's length with the Brompton ETF, the Designated Broker and the Dealers and is not affiliated with the Brompton ETF, the Designated Broker or any Dealer and who holds Units of the Brompton ETF as capital property (a "Holder").

Generally, Units of the Brompton ETF will be considered to be capital property to a Holder provided that the Holder does not hold such Units in the course of carrying on a business of buying and selling securities and has not acquiredthem in one or more transactions considered to be an adventure or concern in the nature of trade. Provided that the Brompton ETF qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" for purposes of the Tax Act, certain Holders who might not otherwisebe considered to hold Units of the Brompton ETF as capital property may, in certain circumstances, be entitled to have such Units and all other "Canadian securities" owned or subsequently acquired by them treated as capital property bymaking the irrevocable election permitted by subsection 39(4) of the Tax Act. This summary does not apply to a Holder who has entered or will enter into a "derivative forward agreement" as that term is defined in the Tax Act with respect to the Units or any Basket of Securities disposed of in exchange for Units.

This summary is based on the assumptions that (i) the Brompton ETF will not be subject to the tax for "SIFT trusts" for purposes of the Tax Act, (ii) none of the issuers of the securities in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF will be foreign affiliates of the Brompton ETF or of any Holder, (iii) none of the securities in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF will be a "tax shelter investment" within the meaning of section 143.2 of the Tax Act, (iv) the BromptonETF will not enter into any arrangement where the result is a dividend rental arrangement for purposes of the Tax Act, and (v) none of the securities in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF will be an offshore investment fund property (or aninterest in a partnership that holds such property) that would require the Brompton ETF to include significant amounts in the Brompton ETF's income pursuant to section 94.1 of the Tax Act, or an interest in a trust (or a partnership which holds such an interest) which would require the Brompton ETF is a non-resident trust other than an "exempt foreign trust" (or a partnership which holds such interest).

This summary is based on the facts described herein, the current provisions of the Tax Act, counsel's understanding of the current publicly available administrative policies and assessing practices of the CRA published in writing prior to the date hereof and certificates of the Manager. This summary takes into account the Tax Amendments. This description is not exhaustive of all Canadian federal income tax consequences and does not take into account or anticipate changes in the law or in administrative policy or assessing practice, whether by legislative, governmental or judicial action other than the

Tax Amendments in their present form, nor does it take into account provincial, territorial or foreign tax considerations which may differ significantly from those discussed herein. There can be no assurance that the Tax Amendments will be enacted in the form publicly announced, or at all.

This summary is not exhaustive of all possible Canadian federal income tax considerations applicable to an investment in Units of the Brompton ETF. This summary does not address the deductibility of interest on any funds borrowed by a Holder to purchase Units of the Brompton ETF. The income and other tax consequences of investing in Units will vary depending on an investor's particular circumstances including the province or territory in which the investor resides or carries on business. Accordingly, this summary is of a general natureonly and is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice to any holder of Units of the Brompton ETF. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the income tax consequences to them of an acquisition of Units of the Brompton ETF based on their particular circumstances.

Status of the Brompton ETF

This summary is based on the assumptions that the Brompton ETF will qualify or be deemed to qualify at all times as a "mutual fund trust" within the meaning of the Tax Act, that the Brompton ETF has validly elected under the Tax Act to be a mutual fund trust from the date it was established, and that the Brompton ETF was not established and will not be maintained primarily for the benefit of non-residents unless, at that time, substantially all of its property consists of property other than property that would be "taxable Canadian property" within the meaning of the Tax Act (if the definition of such term were read without reference to paragraph (b) of that definition).

To qualify as a mutual fund trust (i) the Brompton ETF must be a Canadian resident "unit trust" for purposes of the TaxAct, (ii) the only undertaking of the Brompton ETF must be (a) the investing of its funds in property (other than real property or interests in real property or an immovable or a real right in an immovable), (b) the acquiring, holding, maintaining, improving, leasing or managing of any real property (or interest in real property) or of any immovable (or real right in immovables) that is capital property of the Brompton ETF, or (c) any combination of the activities described in (a) and (b), and (iii) the Brompton ETF must comply with certain minimum requirements respecting theownership and dispersal of Units of a particular class.

If the Brompton ETF were not to qualify or be deemed to qualify as a mutual fund trust at all times, the income tax considerations described below would, in some respects, be materially and adversely different in respect of the Brompton ETF.

Provided that the Brompton ETF qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" within the meaning of the Tax Act, is a "registered investment" within the meaning of the Tax Act, or the Units of the Brompton ETF are listed on a "designated stock exchange" (within the meaning of the Tax Act), Units of the Brompton ETF will be qualified investments under the Tax Act for a trust governed by a Registered Plan. See "Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of Registered Plans" for the consequences of holding Units in Registered Plans.

Taxation of the Brompton ETF

The Manager has advised counsel that the Brompton ETF has elected to have a taxation year that ends on December 31 of each calendar year. The Brompton ETF must pay tax on its net income (including net realized taxable capital gains) for a taxation year, less the portion thereof that it deducts in respect of the amount paid or payable to its Holders in the calendar year in which the taxation year ends. An amount will be considered to be payable to a Holder of the Brompton ETF in a calendar year if it is paid to the Holder in that year by the Brompton ETF or if the Holder is entitled in that year to enforce payment of the amount. The Declaration of Trust requires that sufficient amounts be paid or made payable each year so that the Brompton ETF is not liable for any non-refundable income tax under Part I of the Tax Act.

The Brompton ETF will be required to include in its income for each taxation year any dividends received (or deemed to be received) by it in such year on a security held in its portfolio.

With respect to indebtedness, the Brompton ETF will be required to include in its income for a taxation year all interest thereon that accrues (or is deemed to accrue) to it to the end of that year (or until the disposition of the indebtedness in that year, including on a conversion, redemption or repayment on maturity) or that has become receivable or is received by the Brompton ETF before the end of that year except to the extent that such interest was included in computing the Brompton

ETF's income for a preceding year and excluding any interest that accrued prior to the timeof the acquisition of the indebtedness by the Brompton ETF.

To the extent the Brompton ETF holds trust units issued by a trust resident in Canada that is not at any time in the relevant taxation year a "SIFT trust" and held as capital property for purposes of the Tax Act, the Brompton ETF will be required to include in the calculation of its income for a taxation year the net income, including net taxable capital gains, paid or payable to the Brompton ETF by such trust in the calendar year in which that taxation year ends, notwithstanding that certain of such amounts may be reinvested in additional Units of the trust. Provided that appropriate designations are made by such trust, net taxable capital gains realized by the trust, foreign source incomeof the trust and taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations received by the trust that are paid or payable by the trust to the Brompton ETF will effectively retain their character in the hands of the Brompton ETF. The Brompton ETF will be required to the adjusted cost base of Units of such trust by any amount paid or payable by the trust to the Brompton ETF's share of the non-taxable portion of capital gains of the trust, the taxable portion of which was designated in respect of the Brompton ETF. If the adjusted cost base to the Brompton ETF of such Units becomes a negative amount at any time in a taxation year of the Brompton ETF, that negative amount will be deemed be a capital gain realized by the amount of such deemed capital gain to zero.

Each issuer in the Brompton ETF's portfolio that is a "SIFT trust" (which will generally include Canadian resident income trusts, other than certain REITs, the Units of which are listed or traded on a stock exchange or other public market) will be subject to a special tax in respect of (i) income from business carried on in Canada, and (ii) certain income and capital gains in respect of "non-portfolio properties" (collectively, "**Non-Portfolio Income**"). Non- Portfolio Income that is distributed by a SIFT trust to its Holders will be taxed at a rate that is equivalent to the federal general corporate tax rate plus a prescribed amount on account of provincial tax. Non-Portfolio Income that becomes payable by an issuer that is a SIFT trust will generally be taxed as though it were a taxable dividend from a taxable Canadian corporation and will be deemed to be an "eligible dividend" eligible for the enhanced gross-up andtax credit rules.

In general, the Brompton ETF will realize a capital gain (or capital loss) upon the actual or deemed disposition of a security included in its portfolio to the extent the proceeds of disposition net of any reasonable costs of disposition exceed (or are less than) the adjusted cost base of such security unless the Brompton ETF were considered to be trading or dealing in securities or otherwise carrying on a business of buying and selling securities or the Brompton ETF has acquired the security in a transaction or transactions considered to be an adventure or concern in the nature of trade. The Manager has advised counsel that the Brompton ETF purchases the securities in its portfolio with the objective of receiving interest, dividends and other distributions thereon and will take the position that gains and losses realized on the disposition of its securities are capital gains and capital losses. The Manager has also advised counselthat the Brompton ETF will make an election under subsection 39(4) of the Tax Act, if applicable, so that all securities held by the Brompton ETF that are "Canadian securities" (as defined in the Tax Act) will be deemed to be capital property to the Brompton ETF.

The Brompton ETF will be entitled for each taxation year throughout which it is a mutual fund trust for purposes of the Tax Act to reduce (or receive a refund in respect of) its liability, if any, for tax on its net realized capital gains by an amount determined under the Tax Act based on the redemptions of Units of the Brompton ETF during the year (the"**Capital Gains Refund**"). The Capital Gains Refund in a particular taxation year may not completely offset the tax liability of the Brompton ETF for such taxation year which may arise upon the sale or other disposition of securities included in the portfolio in connection with the redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF.

If the Brompton ETF realizes capital gains as a result of a transfer or disposition of its property undertaken to permit an exchange or redemption of Units by a Holder, all or a portion of the amount received by the Holder may be designated and treated for income tax purposes as a distribution to the Holder out of such capital gains rather than being treated as proceeds of disposition of the units. Effective for taxation years beginning on or after December 16, 2021, if the Brompton ETF is a mutual fund trust, the Brompton ETF will be denied a deduction for the portion of a capital gain designated to the Holder on a redemption or exchange of Units that is greater than the Holder's accrued gain on those Units, where the Holder's proceeds of disposition are reduced by the designation.

A loss realized by the Brompton ETF on a disposition of capital property will be a suspended loss for purposes of the Tax Act if the Brompton ETF, or a person affiliated with the Brompton ETF, acquires a property (a "**Substituted Property**") that is the same as or identical to the property disposed of, within 30 days before and 30 days after the disposition and the Brompton ETF, or a person affiliated with the Brompton ETF, owns the Substituted Property 30 days after the original

disposition. If a loss is suspended, the Brompton ETF cannot deduct the loss from the BromptonETF's capital gains until the Substituted Property is disposed of and is not reacquired by the Brompton ETF, or a person affiliated with the Brompton ETF, within 30 days before and after the disposition.

The Brompton ETF may enter into transactions denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar including the acquisition of securities in its portfolio. The cost and proceeds of disposition of securities, interest, dividends, distributions and all other amounts will be determined for the purposes of the Tax Act in Canadian dollars using the appropriate exchange rates determined in accordance with the detailed rules in the Tax Act in that regard. The amount of income, gains and losses realized by the Brompton ETF may be affected by fluctuations in the value of other currencies relative to the Canadian dollar. Gains or losses in respect of currency hedges entered into in respect of amounts invested in the portfolio of the Brompton ETF will constitute capital gains and capital losses to the BromptonETF if the securities in the Brompton ETF's portfolio are capital property to the Brompton ETF and provided there is sufficient linkage.

The Brompton ETF may derive income or gains from investments in countries other than Canada, and as a result, may be liable to pay income or profits tax to such countries. To the extent that such foreign tax paid by the Brompton ETF exceeds 15% of the amount included in the Brompton ETF's income from such investments, such excess may generally be deducted by the Brompton ETF in computing its net income for the purposes of the Tax Act. To the extent that such foreign tax paid does not exceed 15% of the amount included in the Brompton ETF's income from ETF's income from such investments and has not been deducted in computing the Brompton ETF's income, the Brompton ETF may designate in respect of a Holder a portion of its foreign source income that can reasonably be considered to be part of the Brompton ETF's income distributed to such Holder so that such income and a portion of the foreign tax paid by the Brompton ETF may be regarded as foreign source income of, and foreign tax paid by, the Holder for the purposes of the foreign tax credit provisions of the Tax Act.

The Brompton ETF will be entitled to deduct an amount equal to the reasonable expenses that it incurs in the course of issuing Units. Such issue expenses paid by the Brompton ETF and not reimbursed will be deductible by the Brompton ETF rateably over a five-year period subject to reduction in any taxation year which is less than 365 days. In computing its income under the Tax Act, the Brompton ETF may deduct reasonable administrative and other expenses incurred toearn income.

Losses incurred by the Brompton ETF in a taxation year cannot be allocated to Holders, but may be deducted by the Brompton ETF in future years in accordance with the Tax Act.

Taxation of Holders

A Holder will generally be required to include in computing income for a particular taxation year of the Holder such portion of the net income of the Brompton ETF, including the taxable portion of any net realized capital gains, as is paidor becomes payable to the Holder in that particular taxation year (whether in cash, in Units or reinvested in additional Units or whether as a management fee distribution).

Under the Tax Act, the Brompton ETF is permitted to deduct in computing its income for a taxation year an amount that is less than the amount of its distributions of income for the calendar year to the extent necessary to enable the Brompton ETF to use, in that taxation year, losses from prior years without affecting the ability of the Brompton ETF to distribute its income annually. In such circumstances, the amount distributed to a Holder of the Brompton ETF but not deducted by the Brompton ETF will not be included in the Holder's income. However, the adjusted cost base of the Holder's Units of the Brompton ETF will be reduced by such amount. The non-taxable portion of the Brompton ETF's net realized capital gains for a taxation year, the taxable portion of which was designated in respect of a Holder for the taxation year, that is paid or becomes payable to the Holder's share of the net income of the Brompton ETF for a taxation year that is paid or becomes payable to the Holder for the year (i.e. returns of capital) will not generally be included in the Holder's income for the year, but will reduce the adjusted cost base of the Holder's Units of the Brompton ETF. To the extent that the adjusted cost base of a Unit of the Brompton ETF to a Holder would otherwise be a negative amount, the negative amount will be deemed to be a capital gain and the adjusted cost base of the Unit to the Holder will be increased by the amount of such deemed capital gain to zero.

Provided that appropriate designations are made by the Brompton ETF, such portion of the net realized taxable capital gains of the Brompton ETF, the taxable dividends received or deemed to be received by the Brompton ETF on sharesof taxable Canadian corporations and foreign source income of the Brompton ETF as is paid or becomes payable to aHolder will effectively retain its character and be treated as such in the hands of the Holder for purposes of the Tax Act. To the

extent that amounts are designated as taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations, the gross-upand dividend tax credit rules will apply. Where the Brompton ETF makes designations in respect of its foreign source income, for the purpose of computing any foreign tax credit that may be available to a Holder, the Holder will generally be deemed to have paid as tax to the government of a foreign country that portion of taxes paid by the Brompton ETF to that country that is equal to the Holder's share of the Brompton ETF's income from sources in that country.

Any loss of the Brompton ETF for purposes of the Tax Act cannot be allocated to, and cannot be treated as a loss of, a Holder.

On the disposition or deemed disposition of a Unit of the Brompton ETF, including on a redemption, a Holder will realize a capital gain (or capital loss) to the extent that the Holder's proceeds of disposition, net of any reasonable costs of disposition, exceed (or are less than) the adjusted cost base of the Unit. For USD Units, proceeds of dispositionand each component of adjusted cost base are calculated in Canadian dollars based on the currency exchange rate applicable for purposes of the Tax Act at the time of the particular transaction. For the purpose of determining the adjusted cost base of a Holder's Units of a class of the Brompton ETF, when additional Units of that class of the Brompton ETF are acquired by the Holder (as a result of a distribution by the Brompton ETF in the form of Units, a reinvestment in Units of the Brompton ETF pursuant to the distribution reinvestment plan of the Brompton ETF or otherwise), the cost of the newly acquired Units of the Brompton ETF will be averaged with the adjusted cost base ofall Units of the same class of the Brompton ETF following a distribution will generally be equal to the amount of the Brompton ETF as described under "Distribution Policy" will not be regarded as a disposition of Units of the Brompton ETF and will not affect the aggregate adjusted cost base to a Holder. Any additional Units acquired by Holder on the reinvestment of distributions will generally have a cost equal to the amount reinvested.

In the case of an exchange of Units of the Brompton ETF for a Basket of Securities, a Holder's proceeds of disposition of Units of the Brompton ETF would generally be equal to the aggregate of the fair market value of the distributed property and the amount of any cash received, less any capital gain realized by the Brompton ETF on the disposition such distributed property. The cost to a Holder of any property received from the Brompton ETF upon the exchange will generally be equal to the fair market value of such property at the time of the distribution. In the case of an exchange of Units for a Basket of Securities, the investor may receive securities that may or may not be qualified investments under the Tax Act for Registered Plans. If such securities are not qualified investments for Registered Plans, such Registered Plans (and, in the case of certain Registered Plans, the annuitants, beneficiaries or subscribersthereunder or holders thereof) may be subject to adverse tax consequences. Investors should consult their own tax counsel for advice on whether or not such securities would be qualified investments for Registered Plans.

In general, one-half of any capital gain (a "**taxable capital gain**") realized by a Holder on the disposition of Units of the Brompton ETF or a taxable capital gain designated by the Brompton ETF in respect of the Holder for a taxation year of the Holder will be included in computing the Holder's income for that year and one-half of any capital loss (an "**allowable capital loss**") realized by the Holder in a taxation year of the Holder generally must be deducted from taxable capital gains realized by the Holder in the taxation year or designated by the Brompton ETF in respect of theHolder for the taxation year in accordance with the detailed provisions of the Tax Act. Allowable capital losses for ataxation year in excess of taxable capital gains for that taxation year may be carried back and deducted in any of the three preceding taxation years or carried forward and deducted in any subsequent taxation year against taxable capital gains in accordance with the provisions of the Tax Act.

Each Holder who delivers subscription proceeds consisting of a Basket of Securities will be disposing of securities in exchange for Units of the Brompton ETF. Assuming that such securities are held by the Holder as capital property for purposes of the Tax Act, the Holder will generally realize a capital gain (or a capital loss) in the taxation year of the Holder in which the disposition of such securities takes place to the extent that the proceeds of disposition for such securities, net of any reasonable costs of disposition, exceed (or are less than) the adjusted cost base of such securities to the Holder. For this purpose, the proceeds of disposition to the Holder of securities. The cost to a Holderof Units of the Brompton ETF received for the securities. The cost to a Holderof Units of the Brompton ETF acquired in exchange for a Basket of Securities and cash (if any) will be equal to the aggregate of the cash paid (if any) to the Brompton ETF plus the fair market value of the securities disposed of in exchange for Units at the time of disposition, which sum would generally be equal to or would approximate the fair market value of the Units received as consideration in exchange for a Basket of Securities and cash (if any).

Amounts designated by the Brompton ETF to a Holder of the Brompton ETF as taxable capital gains or dividends from taxable Canadian corporations may increase the Holder's liability for alternative minimum tax.

Where a Holder holds USD Units, any capital gain or capital loss for tax purposes on a disposition of such USD Unitswill be determined by converting the U.S. dollar cost and proceeds of disposition into Canadian dollars using the applicable rate of exchange on the date of acquisition and disposition, respectively.

Taxation of Registered Plans

Distributions received by Registered Plans on Units and capital gains realized by Registered Plans on the disposition of Units are generally not taxable under Part I of the Tax Act provided the Units are "qualified investments" for the Registered Plan for purposes of the Tax Act.

Holders should consult with their own advisors regarding the tax implications of establishing, amending, terminatingor withdrawing amounts from a Registered Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the holder of a TFSA or RDSP, the annuitant of a RRSP or RRIF, or the subscriber of a RESP, will be subject to a penalty tax in respect of Units held by such TFSA, RRSP, RDSP, RESP, or RRIF, as the case may be, if such Units are a "prohibited investment" for such Registered Plans for the purposes of the Tax Act. The Units of the Brompton ETF will not be a "prohibited investment" for a trust governed by a TFSA, RRSP, RDSP, RESP, or RRIF unless the holder of the TFSA or RDSP, the annuitant of the RRSP or RRIF, or the subscriber of the RESP, as applicable, (i) does not deal at arm's length with the Brompton ETF for purposes of the Tax Act, or (ii) hasa "significant interest" as defined in the Tax Act in the Brompton ETF. Generally, a holder, an annuitant, or a subscriber, as the case may be, will not have a significant interest in the Brompton ETF that have a fair marketvalue of 10% or more of the fair market value of the interests of all beneficiaries under the Brompton ETF, either alone or together with persons and partnerships with which the holder, the annuitant, or the subscriber, as the case may be, does not deal at arm's length. In addition, the Units of the Brompton ETF will not be a prohibited investment if such Units are "excluded property" as defined in the Tax Act for a trust governed by a TFSA, RRSP, RDSP, RESP, or RRIF.

Holders, annuitants or subscribers should consult their own tax advisors with respect to whether Units of the Brompton ETF would be prohibited investments, including with respect to whether such Units would be excluded property.

Tax Implications of the Brompton ETF's Distribution Policy

The NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF will, in part, reflect any income and gains of the Brompton ETF that have accrued or have been realized, but have not been made payable at the time Units of the Brompton ETF were acquired. Accordingly, a Holder of the Brompton ETF who acquires Units of the Brompton ETF, including on a distribution of Units of the Brompton ETF or on a reinvestment in Units of the Brompton ETF, may become taxable on the Holder's share of such income and gains of the Brompton ETF. In particular, an investor who acquires Units of the Brompton ETF at any time in the year but prior to a distribution being paid or made payable will have to pay tax on the entire distribution (to the extent it is a taxable distribution) notwithstanding that such amounts may have been reflected in the price paid by the Holder for the Units.

INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION REPORTING

The Brompton ETF is required to comply with due diligence and reporting obligations imposed under amendments to the Tax Act that implemented the Intergovernmental Agreement for the Enhanced Exchange of Tax Information under the Canada-U.S. Tax Convention entered into by Canada and the U.S. (the "IGA"). As long as Units of the Brompton ETF continue to be registered in the name of CDS, the Brompton ETF should not have any U.S. reportable accounts and, as a result, should not be required to provide information to the CRA in respect of its Unitholders. However, dealers through which Unitholders hold their Units are subject to due diligence and reporting obligations with respect to financial accounts they maintain for their clients. Unitholders (and, if applicable, the controlling person(s) of a Unitholder) may be requested to provide information to their dealer to identify U.S. persons holding Units. If a Unitholder, or its controlling person(s), is a "Specified U.S. Person" as defined under the IGA (including a U.S. citizen who is a resident of Canada) or if the Unitholder fails to provide the required information and indicia of U.S. status are present, Part XVIII of the Tax Act will generally require information about the Unitholder's investments held in the financial account maintained by the dealer to

be reported to the CRA, unless the investments are held within a Registered Plan. The CRA will then provide that information to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

In addition, reporting obligations in the Tax Act have been enacted to implement the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Common Reporting Standard (the "**CRS Rules**"). Pursuant to the CRS Rules, Canadian financial institutions are required to have procedures in place to identify accounts held by tax residents of foreign countries other than the U.S. ("**Reportable Jurisdictions**") or by certain entities any of whose "controlling persons" are tax residents of Reportable Jurisdictions. The CRS Rules provide that Canadian financial institutions must report certain account information and other personal identifying details of Unitholders (and, if applicable, of the controlling persons of such Unitholders) who are tax residents of Reportable Jurisdictions to the CRA annually. Such information would generally be exchanged on a reciprocal, bilateral basis with Reportable Jurisdictions in which the account holders or such controlling persons are tax resident under the provisions and safeguards of the Multilateral Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters or the relevant bilateral tax treaty. Under the CRS Rules, Unitholders will be required to provide such information regarding their investment in the Brompton ETF to their dealer for the purpose of such information exchange, unless the investment is held within a Registered Plan.

ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT DETAILS OF THE BROMPTON ETF

Trustee, Manager and Portfolio Manager

Brompton Funds Limited is the manager, portfolio manager and promoter of the Brompton ETF, and will as of November 26, 2021, be the trustee of the Brompton ETF, and is responsible for the management and administration of the Brompton ETF. The Manager is registered with the Ontario Securities Commission as a portfolio manager, investment fund manager, exempt market dealer and commodity trading manager. The principal office of the Brompton ETF and the Manager is located at 181 Bay Street, Suite 2930, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2T3.

Duties and Services to be provided by the Manager

Brompton Funds Limited is the manager, portfolio manager and promoter of the Brompton ETF and, as such, is responsible for providing managerial, administrative and compliance services to the Brompton ETF including, without limitation, authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the Brompton ETF, preparing financial statements and financial and accounting information as required by the Brompton ETF, ensuring that Unitholders are provided with financial statements (including interim and annual financial statements) and other reports as are required by applicable law from time to time, ensuring that the Brompton ETF complies with regulatory requirements and applicable stock exchange listing requirements, preparing the Brompton ETF's reports to Unitholders and the securities regulatory authorities, determining the amount of distributions to be made by the Brompton ETF and negotiating contractual agreements with third-party providers of services, including the Sub-advisor, the Designated Broker, Dealers, the Custodian, the Registrar and Transfer Agent, the auditor and printers.

The Manager is required to exercise its powers and discharge its duties honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of Unitholders, and in connection therewith, to exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent manager (and as of November 26, 2021, trustee) would exercise in similar circumstances.

The Manager may resign as manager and/or trustee of the Brompton ETF upon sixty (60) days' notice to the Unitholders. If the Manager resigns it may appoint its successor but, unless its successor is an affiliate of the Manager, its successor must be approved by the Unitholders. If the Manager is in material default of its obligations under the Declaration of Trust and such default has not been cured within 30 days after notice of the same has been given to the Manager, the Unitholders may remove the Manager and appoint a successor trustee and/or manager.

The Manager is entitled to fees for its services as manager under the Declaration of Trust as described under "Fees and Expenses – Management Fees". In addition, the Manager and its affiliates and each of their directors, officers, employees and agents will be indemnified by the Brompton ETF for all liabilities, costs and expenses incurred in connection with any action, suit or proceeding that is proposed or commenced or other claim that is made against any of them in the exercise of the Manager's duties under the Declaration of Trust, if they do not result from the Manager's wilful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or material breach of its obligations thereunder.

The management and trustee services of the Manager are not exclusive and nothing in the Declaration of Trust or any

agreement prevents the Manager from providing similar services to other investment funds and other clients (whether or not their investment objectives and policies are similar to those of the Brompton ETF) or from engaging in other business activities.

The Manager has taken the initiative in founding and organizing the Brompton ETF and is, accordingly, the promoter of the Brompton ETF within the meaning of securities legislation of certain provinces and territories of Canada.

Officers and Directors of the Manager

The Board of Directors of the Manager consists of three members. Directors are appointed to serve on the Board of Directors until such time as they retire or are removed and their successors are appointed. There is no chairman of the Board of Directors of the Manager and instead the director who chairs meetings rotates among the directors. The name, municipality of residence, position with the Manager and principal occupation of each director and senior officer is set out below:

Name and Municipality of Residence	Position with the Manager	Principal Occupation
MARK A. CARANCI ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Toronto, Ontario	President, Chief Executive Officer, Ultimate Designated Person and Director	President and Chief Executive Officer, Brompton Funds
RAYMOND R. PETHER ⁽¹⁾ Toronto, Ontario	Director	Chairman, Brompton Corp.
CHRISTOPHER S.L. HOFFMANN ⁽¹⁾ Toronto, Ontario	Director	Director, Brompton Funds and private investor
CHRISTOPHER CULLEN Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President	Senior Vice-President, Brompton Funds
LAURA LAU Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President and Chief Investment Officer	Senior Vice-President and Chief Investment Officer, Brompton Funds
MICHAEL D. CLARE Toronto, Ontario	Vice-President and Portfolio Manager	Vice-President, Brompton Funds
MICHELLE L. TIRABORELLI Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President	Senior Vice-President, Brompton Funds
ANN P. WONG ⁽²⁾ Toronto, Ontario	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer, Brompton Funds
KATHRYN A. H. BANNER Toronto, Ontario	Vice-President and Corporate Secretary	Vice-President and Corporate Secretary, Brompton Funds
STEPHEN ALLEN Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice President	Senior Vice President, Brompton Funds
Notos		

Notes: (1) Member of the Audit Committee. (2) Executive Officer.

Sub-advisor

Flaherty & Crumrine Incorporated ("**Flaherty & Crumrine**") has provided investment advisory services in Canada since 2004, by way of sub advisory services provided to certain closed end funds managed by the Manager. The principal office of Flaherty & Crumrine is located at 301 East Colorado Boulevard, Suite 800, Pasadena, California 91101.

Flaherty & Crumrine acts as investment sub-advisor to the Brompton ETF pursuant to the terms of the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement (as defined herein). Investment sub-advisory services are currently provided to the Brompton ETF by an investment team led by R. Eric Chadwick and Bradford S. Stone as portfolio managers. The portfolio managers and the investment team have distinct and complementary skills and professional experience managing preferred shares and related securities.

Key Personnel of the Sub-advisor

Name	Position and years with the Sub-advisor
R. ERIC CHADWICK	Portfolio Manager since 1999; President since September 2014, Vice President from August 2001 to September 2014; Director since March 2006
BRADFORD S. STONE	Portfolio Manager since May 2003; Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since September 2014, Vice President from May 2003 to September 2014
CHAD C. CONWELL	Executive Vice President since September 2014, Vice President from July 2005 to September 2014; Director since February 2011; Chief Compliance Officer since September 2005; Chief Legal Officer since July 2005
RICK J. SETO	Managing Director since December 2011; Senior Credit Analyst from October 2003 to December 2011
LISA TUCCI	Managing Director since December 2011; Senior Credit Analyst from March 2005 to December 2011
GORDON RUSSO	Managing Director since December 2017; Senior Credit Analyst from December 2012 to December 2017
ROGER KO	Vice President & Trader since September 2013
JAMES CHEN	Analyst since 2007

Details of the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement

Pursuant to the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Sub-advisor manages the assets held by the Brompton ETF in accordance with the Brompton ETF's investment objectives and investment strategies and subject to its investment restrictions. The Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement continues indefinitely unless otherwise terminated in accordance with its terms. In consideration for the services provided by the Sub-advisor pursuant to the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Sub-advisor receives from the Manager a fee, in an amount to be agreed upon by the Manager and the Sub-advisor from time to time, payable out of the Management Fee.

Under the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Sub-advisor is required to exercise its powers and discharge its duties honestly, in good faith and with a view to the best interests of the Brompton ETF and must exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent portfolio manager would exercise in comparable circumstances. The Sub-advisor will not be liable in carrying out its duties under the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, including for any loss or diminution in value of the Brompton ETF's assets or any loss or damage caused to the Brompton ETF or any Unitholder of the Brompton ETF relating to permitted loans or indebtedness of the Brompton ETF or for any insufficiency of income from or any depreciation in the value of any investments in or upon which any of the moneys of, or belonging to, the Brompton ETF shall be invested or by virtue of the acquisition or disposition of any such investments or for any other loss or damage to a Fund's assets which may occur during or in the course of the performance by the Sub-advisor of its rights, duties, powers, discretions, authorities, obligations and responsibilities under the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement, except to the extent that the loss or damage results from the wilful misconduct, negligence or reckless disregard of the Sub-advisor's duties, obligations and responsibilities or if the Sub-advisor has failed to meet the standard of care set out above.

The Sub-advisor and each of its directors, officers, employees and agents will be indemnified and saved harmless by the Manager for all liabilities, costs and expenses incurred in connection with any claim, action, suit or proceeding that is proposed or commenced or any other claim that is made against the Sub-advisor or any of its officers, directors, employees or agents in the exercise of the Sub-advisor's duties if they do not result from the wilful misconduct, negligence or reckless disregard of the Sub-advisor's duties, obligations and responsibilities or failure to meet its standard of care.

Brokerage Arrangements

The Sub-advisor will seek to execute client securities trades on a best net execution basis, including an evaluation of the financial responsibility of the broker/dealer and its ability to complete the transaction. While depending on market conditions, transactions can be completed on either an agency or principal basis, most transactions in the preferred securities and corporate debt market (and consequently most transactions made by the Sub-advisor) are executed on a "net" basis, with a dealer acting as principal. For transactions completed on an agency or "plus commission" basis, best net execution is defined to take into account both commissions paid and the prices at which transactions are executed. Variations in commissions paid from transaction to transaction may reflect differences in the skill and difficulty involved in the execution of a particular order.

The Sub-advisor's trading desk is regularly in touch with the major dealers in preferred and corporate debt securities and is generally aware of the prices and sizes of these dealers' bids for and offers of such securities. Each transaction reflects what the Sub-advisor believes to be the best net execution available at that point in time taking all relevant market supply/demand factors into consideration.

It is the Sub-advisor's policy not to enter into soft dollar arrangements with broker-dealers. The Sub-advisor may receive research directly from brokers or dealers with whom it trades. In view of the Sub-advisor's own internal securities analysis resources, the receipt of brokerage research will not directly be given weight in the selection of a broker or dealer for any particular transaction. The Sub-advisor may, however, use the research to determine which brokers or dealers have the greatest interest or understanding of a particular securities issuer or market segment and the Sub-advisor may take such knowledge into account in the solicitation of bids or offers.

The Sub-advisor is registered as an investment adviser, not as a broker/dealer, and does not have any broker-dealer affiliates.

Conflicts of Interest

The Declaration of Trust acknowledges that the Manager may provide services to the Brompton ETF in other capacities, provided that the terms of any such arrangements are no less favourable to the Brompton ETF than those which would be obtained from parties which are at arm's length for comparable services. The services of the Custodian and the officers and directors of the Custodian are not exclusive to the Brompton ETF. The Custodian and its affiliates and associates (as defined in the *Securities Act* (Ontario)) may, at any time, engage in any other activity.

The Manager and its directors and officers engage in the promotion, management or investment management of other funds or trusts with investment objectives similar to the Brompton ETF. The Manager acts as the investment advisor or administrator for other funds and may in the future act as the investment advisor to other funds which are considered competitors of the Brompton ETF. The services of the Manager are not exclusive to the Brompton ETF.

In addition, the directors and officers of the Manager may be directors, officers, shareholders or unitholders of one or more issuers in which the Brompton ETF may acquire securities. The Manager or its affiliates may be a manager of one or more issuers in which the Brompton ETF may acquire securities and may be managers or administrators of funds or ETFs with similar investment objectives as the Brompton ETF. Although no director or officer of the Manager will devote his or her full time to the business and affairs of the Brompton ETF, each director and officer of the Manager will devote as much time as is necessary to supervise the management of (in the case of the directors) or to manage the business and affairs of (in the case of officers) the Brompton ETF and the Manager, as applicable.

Other investment funds managed by the Manager may hold a portion of their net assets in Units of the Brompton ETF, in accordance with such investment funds' investment strategies.

No person or entity that provides services to the Brompton ETF or the Manager in relation to the Brompton ETF is an affiliated entity of the Manager other than Brompton Corp., which provides premises and staff to the Manager. Brompton Corp. does not receive any fees from the Brompton ETF. Each of the directors and officers of the Manager are also directors and officers of Brompton Corp.

Dealers and their affiliates may, at present or in the future, engage in business with the Brompton ETF, the issuers of securities making up the portfolio of the Brompton ETF, or with the Manager or any funds sponsored by the Manager or

its affiliates, including by making loans, entering into derivative transactions or providing advisory or agency services. In addition, the relationship between any Dealer and its affiliates, and the Manager and its affiliates may extend to other activities, such as being part of a distribution syndicate for other funds sponsored by the Manager or its affiliates.

Independent Review Committee

The Manager has appointed an IRC for the Brompton ETF pursuant to NI 81-107. The members of the IRC are currently Ken S. Woolner, Patricia Meredith and Raj Kothari. Mr. Woolner is the Chair of the IRC and is the primary IRC member who interacts with the Manager.

The mandate and responsibilities of the IRC are set out in its charter. The IRC is responsible for carrying out those responsibilities required to be undertaken by an IRC under NI 81-107, in particular:

- (a) reviewing and providing input into the Manager's policies and procedures regarding conflict of interest matters, including any amendments to such policies and procedures referred to the IRC by the Manager;
- (b) approving or disapproving each conflict of interest matter referred by the Manager to the IRC for its approval;
- (c) providing its recommendation as to whether the Manager's proposed action on a conflict of interest matter referred by the Manager to the IRC for its recommendation achieves a fair and reasonable result for the Brompton ETF;
- (d) together with the Manager, providing orientation to new members of the IRC as required by NI 81-107;
- (e) conducting regular assessments as required by NI 81-107; and
- (f) reporting to the securityholders of the Brompton ETF, to the Manager and to regulators as required by NI 81-107.

In addition to its responsibilities and functions under NI 81-107, the IRC:

- (a) handles complaints and implements corrective action regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters for the Manager, as more specifically set out in the whistleblower policy of the Manager; and
- (b) may, as more specifically set out in its charter, identify conflict of interest matters.

The members of the IRC also act as the members of the investment review committee for other investment funds managed by the Manager.

The Brompton ETF pays the fees of its respective IRC and has agreed to indemnify the members of the IRC againstcertain liabilities. The fees payable to members of the IRC are determined by the IRC based on a recommendation of the Manager. IRC members are paid an annual retainer along with a variable per-meeting fee. Currently, the annual fee payable to each IRC member is expected to be approximately \$1,700 The fees and other reasonable expenses of the members of the IRC, as well as premiums for insurance coverage for such members, are paid by the Brompton ETF and other applicable investment funds managed by the Manager on a pro rata basis.

The IRC is subject to requirements to conduct regular assessments and, for each financial year of the Brompton ETF, will prepare a report to Unitholders that describes the IRC and its activities for the financial year. A copy of this report can be obtained from the Manager upon request, at no cost, by contacting the Manager at info@bromptongroup.com. A copy is also available on the Manager's website at www.bromptongroup.com or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Custodian

CIBC Mellon Trust Company, at its principal office in Toronto, Ontario, is custodian of the assets of the Brompton ETF pursuant to a Custodial Services Agreement. The Custodian may employ qualified foreign sub-custodians in each jurisdiction in which the Brompton ETF has securities, as considered appropriate in the circumstances. The Manager or the

Custodian may terminate the Custodial Services Agreement in respect of the Brompton ETF without any penalty: (a) subject to any penalties contained in the written agreement of fees and expenses between the Manager and the Custodian, upon at least 90 days' written notice to the other party, or (b) immediately, if the other party becomes insolvent, or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or a petition in bankruptcy is filed by or against that party and is not discharged within 30 days, or proceedings for the appointment of a receiver for that party are commenced and not discontinued within 30 days.

The Custodian is entitled to receive fees from the Brompton ETF as described under "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Operating Costs and Expenses" and to be reimbursed for all expenses and liabilities that are properly incurred by the Custodian in connection with the activities of the Brompton ETF.

Auditor

The auditor of the Brompton ETF is PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP located at its principal offices in Toronto, Ontario. The auditor of the Brompton ETF may not be changed unless the IRC has approved the change and Unitholders have received at least sixty (60) days' notice before the effective date of the change, or as otherwise required by Canadian Securities Legislation.

Prime Broker

Royal Bank of Canada will act as prime broker in respect of the Brompton ETF's margin facilities. The Prime Broker will be providing margin lending to the Brompton ETF to acquire additional portfolio holdings. The Prime Broker is located in Toronto, Ontario.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

TSX Trust Company, at its principal offices in Toronto, Ontario, is the Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Units of the Brompton ETF.

Securities Lending Agents

The Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and the Bank of New York Mellon (the "Lending Agents") may act as the securities lending agents for the Brompton ETF pursuant to a securities lending authorization agreement in respect of the Brompton ETF (the "Securities Lending Agreement"). The Lending Agents are not affiliates or associates of the Manager. The Manager or the Lending Agents may terminate the Securities Lending Agreement upon thirty (30) days' written notice to the other parties at any time.

Under the Securities Lending Agreement, the collateral posted by a securities borrower to the Brompton ETF will be required to have an aggregate value of not less than 102% of the market value of the loaned securities. In addition to the collateral held by the Brompton ETF, the Brompton ETF will also benefit from a borrower default indemnity provided by the Lending Agents. The Lending Agents' indemnity will provide for the replacement of a number of securities equal to the number of unreturned loaned securities, or will provide credit to the Brompton ETF in the amount of the market value of such unreturned loaned securities as determined at the close of business on the date on which such securities were required to be returned.

Promoter

The Manager has taken the initiative to reorganize the Brompton ETF and is, accordingly, the promoter of the Brompton ETF within the meaning of securities legislation of certain provinces and territories of Canada. The Manager, in its capacity as manager of the Brompton ETF, receives compensation from the Brompton ETF. See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee".

CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The Manager calculates, or will arrange for the calculation of, the NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF as at the close of business on each Valuation Date. The Valuation Date will be each business day.

Valuation Policies and Procedures of the Brompton ETF

For reporting purposes other than financial statements, the NAV of each class of Units of the Brompton ETF on a Valuation Date will be equal to (i) the Total Assets allocated to the class pro rata less (ii) the aggregate value of the liabilities allocated to the class pro rata. The NAV per Unit of a class of the Brompton ETF on a Valuation Date will be calculated by dividing the NAV attributable to the Units of such class on such Valuation Date by the total number of Units of such class issued and outstanding on such Valuation Date. The NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF will be determined in the currency in which the Units are denominated. Any value associated with currency forward agreements entered into by the Brompton ETF will not be allocated to the USD units of the Brompton ETF.

Unless otherwise required by law, for the purpose of calculating the NAV on a Valuation Date, the Total Assets on such Valuation Date will be determined as follows:

- (a) the value of any cash on hand or on deposit, bill, demand note, account receivable, prepaid expense, distribution, or other amount receivable (or declared to holders of record of securities owned by the Brompton ETF on a date before the Valuation Date as at which the Total Assets are being determined, and to be receivable) and interest accrued and not yet received will be deemed to be the full amount thereof provided that if the Manager has determined that any such deposit, bill, demand note, account receivable, prepaid expense, distribution, or other amount receivable (or declared to holders of record of securities owned by the Brompton ETF on a date before the Valuation Date as at which the Total Assets are being determined, and to be receivable) or interest accrued and not yet received is not otherwise worth the full amount thereof, the value thereof will be deemed to be such value as the Manager determines to be the fair market value thereof;
- (b) the value of any security, index future or index option which is listed or traded upon a stock exchange (or if more than one, on the principal stock exchange for the security, as determined by the Manager) will be determined by taking the latest available sale price of recent date, or lacking any recent sales or any record thereof, the simple average of the latest available ask price and the latest available bid price (unless in the opinion of the Manager such value does not reflect the value thereof and in which case the latest ask price or bid price will be used), as at the Valuation Date on which the Total Assets are being determined, all as reported by any means in common use;
- (c) the value of any security which is traded over-the-counter will be priced at the average of the last bid and ask prices quoted by a major dealer or recognized information provider in such securities;
- (d) the value of any security or other asset for which a market quotation is not readily available will be its fair market value on the Valuation Date on which the Total Assets are being determined as determined by the Manager (generally the Manager will value such security or other asset at cost until there is a clear indication of an increase or decrease in value);
- (e) any market price reported in currency other than Canadian dollars will be converted into Canadian currency at the rate of exchange available from the Custodian on the Valuation Date on which the Total Assets are being determined;
- (f) listed securities subject to a hold period will be valued as described above with an appropriate discount as determined by the Manager and investments in private companies and other assets for which no published market exists will be valued at the lesser of cost and the most recent value at which such securities have been exchanged in an arm's length transaction which approximates a trade effected in a published market, unless a different fair market value is determined to be appropriate by the Manager;
- (g) the value of any forward contract, futures, swaps, options or other derivatives will be the value that would be realized by the Brompton ETF if, on the date on which the Total Assets are being determined, such derivative was closed out in accordance with its terms;
- (h) where a covered clearing corporation option, option on futures or over-the-counter option is written, the premium received by the Brompton ETF shall be reflected as a deferred credit that shall be valued at an amount equal to the current market value of the clearing corporation option, option on futures or over-the-counter option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation of such options shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment. The deferred credit shall be deducted in arriving at the NAV. The

securities, if any, which are the subject of a written clearing corporation option, or over-the counter option shall be valued at their then current market value; and

(i) the value of any security or property to which, in the opinion of the Manager, the application of the above principles cannot be applied (whether because no price or yield equivalent quotations are available as above provided, or for any other reason) will be the fair market value thereof determined in good faith in such manner as the Manager from time to time adopts.

Reporting of Net Asset Value

The NAV per Unit of the Brompton ETF will be provided to Unitholders on request, at no cost, by calling 1-866-642-6001 and will be made available on the Manager's website at www.bromptongroup.com. The Brompton ETF will also make its NAV per Unit of available to the financial press for publication on a daily basis.

ATTRIBUTES OF THE SECURITIES

Description of the Securities Distributed

The Brompton ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of classes or series of redeemable, transferable Units, each of which represents an undivided interest in the net assets of the Brompton ETF. Currently the Brompton ETF offers an unlimited number of CAD Units and USD Units. The CAD Units of the Brompton ETF are denominated in Canadian dollars. The USD Units are identical to the CAD Units of the Brompton ETF except that (a) the USD Units are denominated in U.S. dollars whereas the CAD Units are denominated in Canadian dollars, and (b) any exposure that the portion of the Brompton ETF's portfolio which is allocable to the USD Units has to foreign currencies will not be hedged.

On December 16, 2004, the *Trust Beneficiaries' Liability Act*, 2004 (Ontario) came into force. This statute provides that holders of units of a trust are not, as beneficiaries, liable for any default, obligation or liability of the trust if, when the default occurs or the liability arises: (i) the trust is a reporting issuer under the *Securities Act* (Ontario); and (ii) the trust is governed by the laws of the province of Ontario. The Brompton ETF is a reporting issuer under the *Securities Act* (Ontario) and the Brompton ETF is governed by the laws of Ontario by virtue of the provisions of the Declaration of Trust.

Certain Provisions of the Units

Each Unit entitles the holder thereof to one vote at meetings of Unitholders and to participate equally with all other Units of the same class of the Brompton ETF with respect to all payments made to Unitholders, other than Management Fee Distributions, including distributions of Net Income and Net Realized Capital Gains and, on liquidation, to participate equally in the net assets of that class of the Brompton ETF remaining after satisfaction of any outstanding liabilities that are attributable to Units of that class of the Brompton ETF. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Brompton ETF may allocate and designate as payable certain capital gains to a Unitholder whose Units are being redeemed or exchanged as described under "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Allocations of Capital Gains to Redeeming or Exchanging Unitholders". All Units will be fully paid, with no liability for future assessments, when issued and will not be transferable except by operation of law. Unitholders are entitled to require the Brompton ETF to redeem their Units of the Brompton ETF as outlined under "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF for Cash".

Exchange of Units for Baskets of Securities

As set out under "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Exchange of Units of the Brompton ETF at Net Asset Value per Unit for Cash", Unitholders may exchange the applicable PNU (or an integral multiple thereof) of the Brompton ETF on any Trading Day for Baskets of Securities and/or cash, subject to the requirement that a minimum PNU be exchanged. An amount as may be agreed to between the Manager and the Designated Broker or a Dealer of the Brompton ETF may be charged to offset certain transaction costs associated with an issue, exchange or redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF. This charge does not apply to Unitholders who buy and sell their Units through the facilities of the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).

Redemptions of Units for Cash

On any Trading Day, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF may redeem (i) Units of the Brompton ETF for cash at a redemption

price per Unit equal to the lesser of: (a) 95% of the closing price for the Units on the TSX (or any other exchange on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be listed) on the effective day of the redemption; and (b) the NAV per Unit, less any applicable redemption fee determined by the Manager, in its sole discretion, from time to time. Because Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will generally be able to sell Units of the Brompton ETF at the market price on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded) through a registered broker or dealer subject only to customary brokerage commissions, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF are advised to consult their brokers, dealers or investment advisors before redeeming such Units for cash. No fees or expenses are paid by Unitholders of the Brompton ETF to the Manager or the Brompton ETF in connection with selling Units of the Brompton ETF on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded).

Modification of Terms

All rights attached to the Units may only be modified, amended or varied in accordance with the terms of the Declaration of Trust. See "Unitholder Matters – Amendments to the Declaration of Trust".

The Manager may amend the Declaration of Trust from time to time to redesignate the name of the Brompton ETF or to create a new class or series of Units of the Brompton ETF without notice to existing Unitholders of the Brompton ETF.

Voting Rights in the Portfolio Securities

Unitholders will not have any voting rights in respect of the securities in the Brompton ETF's portfolio.

INVESTMENT RISK CLASSIFICATION METHODOLOGY

In accordance with NI 41-101, the investment risk level of the Brompton ETF is required to be determined in accordance with a standardized risk classification methodology that is based on the Brompton ETF's historical volatility as measured by the 10-year standard deviation of the returns of the Brompton ETF. Accordingly, the Manager has assigned the Brompton ETF a risk rating of "medium".

Unitholders should know that other types of risks, both measurable and non-measurable, exist. Also, just as historical performance may not be indicative of future returns, historical volatility may not be indicative of future volatility. The risk rating of the Brompton ETF, as set out above, is reviewed annually and anytime it is no longer reasonable in the circumstances. The standardized risk classification methodology used to identify the investment risk level of the Brompton ETF is available on request, at no cost, by calling (416) 642-6000 or toll-free at 1-866-642-6001 or by email at info@bromptongroup.com.

UNITHOLDER MATTERS

Meetings of Unitholders

Meetings of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be held if called by the Manager or upon the written request to the Manager of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF holding not less than 25% of the then outstanding Units of the Brompton ETF (or the applicable class of the Brompton ETF, as the case may be). A separate class vote will be held if a proposal affects holders of Units of one class differently from holders of Units of the other class.

Matters Requiring Unitholder Approval

Under the Declaration of Trust, Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be entitled to vote on any matter that pursuant to Canadian Securities Legislation must be submitted to Unitholders for approval. NI 81-102 requires that Unitholders of the Brompton ETF approve the following:

- (a) any change to the basis of the calculation of a fee or expense that is charged to the Brompton ETF or directly to its Unitholders if such change could result in an increase in charges to the Brompton ETF or its Unitholders, except where:
 - (i) the Brompton ETF is at arm's length with the person or company charging the fee or expense;

- (ii) the Unitholders have received at least 60 days' written notice before the effective date of the change; and
- (b) the introduction of a fee or expense, to be charged to the Brompton ETF or directly to its Unitholders by the Brompton ETF or the Manager in connection with the holding of Units of the Brompton ETF that could result in an increase in charges to the Brompton ETF or its Unitholders (which would not include expenses associated with complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date the Brompton ETF was created), except where:
 - (i) the Brompton ETF is at arm's length with the person or company charging the fee or expense; and
 - (ii) the Unitholders have received at least sixty (60) days' written notice before the effective date of the change;
- (c) any change to the Manager, unless the new manager of the Brompton ETF is an affiliate of the Manager;
- (d) any change to the fundamental investment objective of the Brompton ETF;
- (e) the decrease in the frequency of the calculation of the Brompton ETF's NAV per Unit;
- (f) the undertaking by the Brompton ETF of a reorganization with, or transfer of its assets to, another mutual fund, if the Brompton ETF ceases to continue after the reorganization or transfer of assets and the transaction results in the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF becoming securityholders in the other mutual fund, unless:
 - (i) the IRC of the Brompton ETF has approved the change;
 - (ii) the Brompton ETF is being reorganized with, or its assets are being transferred to, another mutual fund that is managed by the Manager, or an affiliate of the Manager;
 - (iii) the Unitholders have received at least sixty (60) days' written notice before the effective date of the change;
 - (iv) the transaction complies with certain other requirements of applicable securities legislation;
- (g) the undertaking by the Brompton ETF of a reorganization with, or acquisition of assets from, another mutual fund, if the Brompton ETF continues after the reorganization or acquisition of assets, the transaction results in the securityholders of the other mutual fund becoming Unitholders of the Brompton ETF and the transaction would be a material change to the Brompton ETF; and
- (h) a restructuring of the Brompton ETF into a non-redeemable investment fund or an issuer that is not an investment fund.

Approval of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF of any such matter will be given if a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF duly called and held for the purpose of considering the same approve the related resolution.

The auditor of the Brompton ETF may be changed without the prior approval of the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF provided that the IRC approves the change and Unitholders of the Brompton ETF are sent written notice at least 60 days before the effective date of the change.

Except as otherwise required by law, meetings of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be held if called by the Manager upon written notice of not less than twenty-one (21) days before the meeting.

Notice of all meetings of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be given in accordance with applicable law. The quorum for a meeting of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF is two or more Unitholders of the Brompton ETF present in person or

represented by proxy holding not less than 5% of the Units of the Brompton ETF then outstanding. In the event that such quorum is not present within one-half hour after the time called for a meeting, the meeting, if convened upon the request of a Unitholder of the Brompton ETF or for the purpose of a change in the manager of the Fund unless the new manager of the Fund is an affiliate of the manager of the Fund, will be dissolved, but in any other case, the meeting will stand adjourned to such day no more than 14 days later and to such time and place as may be appointed by the chairman of the meeting (which for greater certainty can be at a later time on the date of the originally scheduled meeting), and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF present in person or by proxy at such adjourned meeting will be deemed to constitute a quorum.

Amendments to the Declaration of Trust

The Manager may amend the Declaration of Trust from time to time but may not, without the approval of a majority of the votes of Unitholders of the Brompton ETF voting at a meeting of Unitholders duly called for such purpose, make any amendment relating to any matter in respect of which NI 81-102 requires a meeting, as set out above, or any amendment that will adversely affect the voting rights of Unitholders. All Unitholders of the Brompton ETF shall be bound by an amendment affecting the Brompton ETF from the effective date of the amendment.

Permitted Mergers

The Brompton ETF may, without Unitholder approval, enter into a merger or other similar transaction (a "**Permitted Merger**") that has the effect of combining the Brompton ETF with any other investment fund or funds that have investment objectives, valuation procedures and fee structures that are similar to the Brompton ETF, subject to:

- (a) approval of the merger by the IRC;
- (b) compliance with certain merger pre-approval conditions set out in NI 81-102; and
- (c) written notice being sent to Unitholders at least sixty (60) days before the effective date of the merger.

In connection with a Permitted Merger, the merging funds will be valued at their respective net asset values and Unitholders of the Brompton ETF will be offered the right to redeem their Units for cash at the applicable NAV per Unit.

Accounting and Reporting to Unitholders

The fiscal year-end of the Brompton ETF is December 31. The Brompton ETF will deliver or make available to Unitholders: (i) audited annual financial statements; (ii) unaudited interim financial statements; and (iii) annual and interim management reports of fund performance. Such documents are, or will be, incorporated by reference into, and form an integral part of, this prospectus. See "Documents Incorporated by Reference".

Each Unitholder will also be mailed annually, by his, her or its broker, as and when required under applicable law, information necessary to enable such Unitholder to complete an income tax return with respect to amounts paid or payable by the Brompton ETF owned by such Unitholder in respect of the preceding taxation year of the Brompton ETF. Neither the Manager nor the Registrar and Transfer Agent are responsible for tracking the adjusted cost base of a Unitholder's Units. Unitholders should consult with their tax or investment adviser in respect of how to compute the adjusted cost base of their Units and in particular how distributions made by the Brompton ETF to a Unitholder affect the Unitholder's tax position. See "Income Tax Considerations".

The Manager will ensure that the Brompton ETF complies with all applicable reporting and administrative requirements. The Manager will also ensure that adequate books and records are kept reflecting the activities of the Brompton ETF. A Unitholder or his, her or its duly authorized representative has the right to examine the books and records of the Brompton ETF during normal business hours at the offices of the Manager. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Unitholder shall not have access to any information that, in the opinion of the Manager, should be kept confidential in the interests of the Brompton ETF.

TERMINATION OF THE BROMPTON ETF

The Brompton ETF may be terminated by the Manager on at least sixty (60) days' notice to Unitholders of such termination and the Manager will issue a press release in advance thereof. Upon termination of the Brompton ETF, the Constituent Securities, cash and other assets remaining after paying or providing for all liabilities and obligations of the Brompton ETF

shall be distributed pro rata among the Unitholders of the Brompton ETF.

The rights of Unitholders to exchange and redeem Units described under "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Exchange of Units of the Brompton ETF at Net Asset Value per Unit for Baskets of Securities and/or Cash" and "Exchange and Redemption of Units – Redemption of Units of the Brompton ETF for Cash" will cease as and from the date of termination of the Brompton ETF.

INTERESTS OF MANAGEMENT AND OTHERS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

The Manager receives fees for its services to the Brompton ETF. See "Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable by the Brompton ETF – Management Fee".

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE BROMPTON ETF AND THE DEALERS

The Manager, on behalf of the Brompton ETF, may enter into various agreements with registered dealers (that may or may not be the Designated Broker) pursuant to which the Dealers may subscribe for Units of the Brompton ETF as described under "Purchases of Units". Such Dealers may be related to the Manager. See "Conflicts of Interest".

No Designated Broker or Dealer has been involved in the preparation of this prospectus or has performed any review of the contents of this prospectus and, as such, the Designated Broker and the Dealers do not perform many of the usual underwriting activities in connection with the distribution by the Brompton ETF of its Units under this prospectus. Units of the Brompton ETF do not represent an interest or an obligation of the Designated Broker, any Dealer or any affiliate thereof and a Unitholder does not have any recourse against any such parties in respect of amounts payable by the Brompton ETF to the Designated Broker or applicable Dealers. See "Organization and Management Details of the Brompton ETF - Conflicts of Interest".

PRINCIPAL HOLDERS OF UNITS

CDS & Co., the nominee of CDS, is the registered owner of the Units of the Brompton ETF, which it holds for various brokers and other persons on behalf of their clients and others. From time to time, the Designated Broker, Dealers, or another investment fund managed by the Manager or an affiliate thereof, may beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of the Units of a class of the Brompton ETF.

PROXY VOTING DISCLOSURE FOR PORTFOLIO SECURITIES HELD

The Brompton ETF has adopted the Sub-advisor's proxy voting policies and procedures. The Sub-advisor's proxy voting policy is guided by the principle that, in those cases where it has proxy voting authority, it will vote proxies, and take such other corporate actions, consistent with the interest of its clients in a manner free of conflicts of interest. For purposes of decision making, the Sub-advisor will assume that each ballot for which it casts votes is the only security of an issuer held by the client. The Sub-advisor will reach its voting decisions independently, after appropriate investigation. It does not generally intend to delegate its decision making or to rely on the recommendations of any third party, although it may take such recommendations into consideration. The Sub-advisor may consult with such other experts, such as Certified Public Accountants, investment bankers, attorneys, etc., as it regards necessary to help it reach informed decisions. Ultimately, all voting decisions are made on a case-by-case basis, taking relevant considerations into account.

The Sub-advisor categorizes matters as either routine or non-routine, which definition may or may not precisely conform to the definitions set forth by securities exchanges or other bodies categorizing such matters. Routine matters would include such things as the voting for directors and the ratification of auditors and most shareholder proposals regarding social, environmental, and corporate responsibility matters. The Sub-advisor normally will vote in favor of management's recommendations on these routine matters.

Non-routine matters might include, without limitation, such things as (a) amendments to management incentive plans, (b) the authorization of additional common or preferred stock, (c) initiation or termination of barriers to takeover or acquisition, (d) mergers or acquisitions, (e) changes in the state of incorporation, (f) corporate reorganizations and (g) "contested" director slates. Non-routine matters will be voted on a case-by-case basis.

Preferred securities generally have voting rights only in the event that the issuer has not made timely payments of income

and principal to shareholders or in the event that a corporation desires to effectuate some change in its articles of incorporation which might modify the rights of the preferred stockholders. Similarly, debt securities typically do not have express voting rights; however, issuers may seek consents to amendments of covenants or rights of the debt holders.

In deciding upon non-routine matters, having to do with the modification of the rights or protections, the Sub-advisor will attempt, wherever possible, to assess the costs and benefits of such modifications. In the case of the election of directors when timely payments to preferred shareholders have not been made ("contingent voting"), the Sub-advisor will cast its votes on a case-by-case basis after investigation of the qualifications and independence of the persons standing for election.

Routine matters regarding preferred stock are the exception, rather than the rule, and typically arise when the preferred and common shareholders vote together as a class on such matters as election of directors. The Sub-advisor will vote on a caseby-case basis, reflecting the principles set forth elsewhere in this document. However, in those instances (a) where the common shares of an issuer are held by a parent company and (b) where, because of that, the election outcome is not in doubt, the Sub-advisor does not intend to vote such proxies since the time and costs would outweigh the benefits.

The Sub-advisor will communicate with the Manager, and, if necessary, the IRC of the Brompton ETF, in instances when a material conflict of interest may be apparent between the Sub-advisor and the Brompton ETF regarding the matter being voted upon. The Sub-advisor will describe the nature of the conflict and give its voting recommendation.

The Manager will publish these records on an annual basis on the Manager's website at www.bromptongroup.com. The Brompton ETF's proxy voting record for the annual period from July 1 to June 30 will be available at any time after August 31 following the end of that annual period, to any Unitholder on request, at no cost, and will also be available at www.bromptongroup.com.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

The only contracts material to Brompton ETF are the Declaration of Trust, the Custodial Services Agreement and the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement.

Copies of these agreements may be examined at the head office of the Manager at 181 Bay Street, Suite 2930, Toronto, Ontario M5J 2T3.

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS

The Brompton ETF is not involved in any legal proceedings, nor is the Manager aware of existing or pending legal or arbitration proceedings involving the Brompton ETF.

EXPERTS

Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP, legal counsel to the Brompton ETF and the Manager, has provided certain legal opinions on the principal Canadian federal income tax considerations that apply to an investment in the Units of the Brompton ETF by an individual resident in Canada. See "Income Tax Considerations". As of the date hereof, partners and associates of Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, less than 1% of the outstanding securities of the Brompton ETF.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants is the auditor of the Brompton ETF and has consented to the incorporation by reference of its report on the Brompton ETF dated March 17, 2021. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has confirmed that it is independent with respect to the Brompton ETF within the meaning of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario CPA Code of Professional Conduct.

EXEMPTIONS AND APPROVALS

The Manager, on behalf of the Brompton ETF, has obtained exemptive relief from the Canadian Securities Regulatory Authorities:

(a) to permit a Unitholder to acquire more than 20% of the Units of a class of the Brompton ETF through purchases on the TSX (or any other marketplace on which the Units of the Brompton ETF may be traded)

without regard to the takeover bid requirements of applicable Canadian Securities Legislation. See "Purchases of Units – Buying and Selling Units";

- (b) to relieve the Brompton ETF from the requirement that a prospectus contain a certificate of the underwriters; and
- (c) to permit the Brompton ETF to invest in securities of a non-redeemable investment fund or mutual fund corporation (each a "Closed-End Fund") existing under the laws of Canada or a Province of Canada that is managed by the Manager or an affiliate or associate of the Manager as well as to permit the Brompton ETF to pay brokerage commissions in relation to the purchase and sale of securities of a Closed-End Fund on a recognized exchange, subject to certain restrictions.

PURCHASERS' STATUTORY RIGHTS OF WITHDRAWAL AND RESCISSION

Securities legislation in certain of the provinces and territories of Canada provides purchasers with the right to withdraw from an agreement to purchase ETF securities within 48 hours after the receipt of a confirmation of a purchase of such securities. In several of the provinces and territories, the securities legislation further provides a purchaser with remedies for rescission or, in some jurisdictions, revisions of the price or damages if the prospectus and any amendment contains a misrepresentation, or for non-delivery of the ETF Facts, provided that the remedies for rescission, revisions of the price or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory.

Purchasers should refer to the applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the province or territory for the particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Additional information about the Brompton ETF is, or will be, available in the following documents:

- (a) the most recently filed comparative annual financial statements of the Brompton ETF, togetherwith the accompanying report of the auditors;
- (b) any unaudited interim financial statements of the Brompton ETF filed after the most recently filed comparative annual financial statements of the Brompton ETF;
- (c) the most recently filed annual MRFP of the Brompton ETF;
- (d) any interim MRFP of the Brompton ETF filed after that most recently filed annual MRFP of the Brompton ETF; and
- (e) the most recently filed ETF Facts.

These documents are or will be incorporated by reference into this prospectus, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as part of this document.

These documents are or will be available on the Manager's website at www.bromptongroup.com or by contacting the Manager at (416) 642-6000 or toll-free at 1-866-642-6001 or by email at info@bromptongroup.com. These documents and other information about the Brompton ETF are or will be available on the internet at www.sedar.com.

In addition to the documents listed above, any documents of the type described above that are filed on behalf of the Brompton ETF after the date of this prospectus and before the termination of the distribution of the Brompton ETF are deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

CERTIFICATE OF THE BROMPTON ETF AND THE MANAGER AND PROMOTER

Dated: November 15, 2021

This prospectus, together with the documents incorporated herein by reference, constitutes full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the securities offered by this prospectus as required by the securities legislation of each of the provinces and territories of Canada.

BROMPTON FUNDS LIMITED

(as manager of the Brompton ETF)

(Signed) Mark A. Caranci Mark A. Caranci President and Chief Executive Officer (Signed) Ann P. Wong Ann P. Wong Chief Financial Officer

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Brompton Funds Limited

(Signed) Christopher S.L. Hoffmann Christopher S.L. Hoffmann Director (Signed) Raymond R. Pether Raymond R. Pether Director

(Signed) Mark A. Caranci Mark A. Caranci Director

BROMPTON FUNDS LIMITED

(as promoter of the Brompton ETF)

(Signed) Mark A. Caranci

Mark A. Caranci President and Chief Executive Officer